# N9032B PXA X-Series Signal Analyzer, Multi-Touch

2 Hz to 8.4, 13.6, 26.5, 44, 50, or 55 GHz





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### **Data Sheet Definitions and Conditions**

This data sheet provides performance information for Keysight N9032B Signal Analyzers.

**Specifications** describe the performance of parameters covered by the product warranty and apply to temperature ranges 0 to 55 °C, unless otherwise noted.

**95th percentile** values indicate the breadth of the population (approx.  $2 \sigma$ ) of performance tolerances expected to be met in 95 percent of the cases with a 95 percent confidence, for any ambient temperature in the range of 20 to 30 °C. In addition to the statistical observations of a sample of instruments, these values include the effects of the uncertainties of external calibration references. These values are not warranted. These values are updated occasionally if a significant change in the statistically observed behavior of production instruments is observed.

**Typical** values (typ) describe additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specifications that 80 percent of the units exhibit with a 95 percent confidence level over the temperature range 20 to 30 °C. Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

**Nominal** values (nom) indicate expected performance or describe product performance that is useful in the application of the product but are not covered by the product warranty.

The analyzer will meet its specifications when:

- It is within its calibration cycle.
- Under auto couple control, except that Auto Sweep Time Rules = Accy
- For signal frequencies < 10 MHz, DC coupling applied.
- Analyzer is used in environment that falls within allowed operating range; and has been in that environment at least 2 hours before being turned on.
- Analyzer has been turned on at least 30 minutes with AutoAlign set to Normal; or, if Auto Align is set to Off or Partial, alignments must have been run recently enough to prevent an Alert message. Note that factory default is with the AutoAlign set to Light, which (compared to Normal) allows wider temperature changes before causing Alignments to run automatically. The benefit is that Alignments interrupt less frequently. The user can change AutoAlign to Normal if desired, and this setting will persist after power cycle or PRESET. If the Alert condition is changed from "Time and Temperature" to one of the disabled duration choices, the analyzer may fail to meet specifications without informing the user. In practice, the impact of such choices is primarily on Absolute Amplitude Accuracy. If temperature changes are small, the impact of Light vs Normal is negligible. Also, the user may invoke Align All at any time, to get the best possible accuracy.
- The term "mixer level" is used as a condition for many specifications in this document. This term is a conceptual quantity that is defined as follows: Mixer Level (dBm) = RF Input Power Level (dBm) -(Mechanical Attenuation) (dB) - (Electronic Attenuation) (dB).
- The term "attenuation" is used for many specifications in this document; this refers to the Mechanical Attenuator, unless otherwise stated.



#### Common abbreviations

BW	bandwidth
FBP	full bypass path
FFT	fast Fourier transform
IQ	in-phase quadrature-phase (sample data)
IVL	Individual validated license (for export to restricted countries)
LNA	low-noise amplifier
LNP	low-noise path
LO	local oscillator
PA	pre-amplifier
MPB	microwave preselector bypass
RBW	resolution bandwidth (filter)
VBW	video bandwidth (filter)



# **Frequency and Time Specifications**

Frequency option	Frequency range DC coupled	Frequency range DC coupled		
508	2 Hz to 8.4 GHz			
513	2 Hz to 13.6 GHz			
526	2 Hz to 26.5 GHz	2 Hz to 26.5 GHz		
544	2 Hz to 44 GHz	2 Hz to 44 GHz		
550	2 Hz to 50 GHz			
555	2 Hz to 55 GHz	2 Hz to 55 GHz		
Minimal frequency	DC coupled	AC coupled (option 508, 513 and 526)		
PA off, LNA off	2 Hz	10 MHz		
PA on	9 kHz	10 MHz		
NA on	20 MHz	20 MHz		
Swept spectrum analysis (these bands are not ap	plicable to wide-bandwidth IQ analysis)			
Swept frequency band	LO multiple (N)	Frequency range		
)	1	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz		
1	1	3.5 to 8.4 GHz		
2	2	8.3 to 13.6 GHz		
3	2	13.5 to 17.1 GHz		
1	4	17.0 to 26.5 GHz		
5	4	26.4 to 34.5 GHz		
	8	34.4 to 55 GHz		
Frequency reference	0	34.4 to 33 OHZ		
Accuracy (total)	+ [ (Initial accuracy) + (aging ra	to v time since last adjustment\ + (temperature stability)]		
Aging rate		± [ (Initial accuracy) + (aging rate x time since last adjustment) + (temperature stability)] ± 3 x 10-8 / year		
Temperature stability	·	± 4.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> over full temperature range		
Achievable initial calibration accuracy		± 3.1 x 10-8		
Example frequency reference accuracy		= ± (3 x 10-8 + 4.5 x 10-9 + 3.1 x 10-8)		
1 year after last adjustment	$= \pm 6.6 \times 10^{-8}$			
Residual FM				
Center frequency = 1 GHz, 10 Hz RBW, 10 Hz VBW	≤ (0.25 Hz x N) p–p in 20 ms no	ominal (N = LO multiple, see band table above)		
Frequency readout accuracy (start, stop, center,	marker)			
± (marker frequency x frequency reference accuracy span/(sweep points-1)	+ 0.10 % x span + 5 % x RBW + 2 Hz + 0.5	x horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is		
Marker frequency counter				
Accuracy	+ (marker frequency x frequency	cy reference accuracy + 0.100 Hz)		
Delta counter accuracy		reference accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Counter resolution	0.001 Hz	,		
Frequency span (FFT and swept mode)				
Range	0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to max	imum frequency of instrument		
Resolution	2 Hz	inan requericy of instrument		
	£ 11£			
Accuracy	. (0.1.9/ y anon : haring the land	polution) where herizontal recolution is approximate 4		
Swept		± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1)		
FFT	± (U. 1 % X span + norizontal re	solution) where nonzontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1)		
Sweep time and triggering				
Range	Span = 0 Hz	1 µs to 6000 s		
- J.	Span ≥ 10 Hz	1 ms to 4000 s		
	Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept	± 0.01% nominal		
Accuracy	Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT	± 40% nominal		
	Span = 0 Hz	± 0.01% nominal		
	Span = 0 Hz or FFT	-150 to +500 ms		
Trigger Delay	Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept	0 to 500 ms		
	Resolution	0.1 µs		



Time gating					
Gate methods			Catad I O: C	atad vidaa: Catad EET	
			Gated LO; Gated video; Gated FFT		
Gate length range (except method = FFT)  Gate delay range			1 µs to 5.0 s 0 to 100.0 s		
Gate delay jitter			33.3 ns p-p (	nom)	
			33.3 118 p-p (	non)	
Sweep trace) point range					
All spans			1 to 100,001		
Resolution bandwidth (RBW) filters (see also IQ A	nalysis section	n)			
Range (with –3 dB bandwidth, standard)			1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% steps), 4, 5, 6, 8, and 10 MHz		
Bandwidth accuracy (power)				_ (,.,, ., ., ., ., .,	
RBW range			Accuracy		
I Hz to 100 kHz			± 0.5% (± 0.	022 4B)	
10 kHz to 1.0 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			± 1.0% (± 0.0		
.1 to 2 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			± 0.07 dB (no		
2.2 to 3 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			0 to -0.2 dB		
to 10 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			0 to -0.4 dB	,	
Bandwidth accuracy (-3 dB)			0.00	(	
BW range			Accuracy		
Hz to 1.3 MHz			± 2% (nomin	al)	
.5 MHz to 3 MHz			== 70 (110111111	u.,	
(≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 7% (nominal)		
(> 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 8% (nominal)		
MHz to 10 MHz			= 5% (Totalia)		
(≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 15% (nominal)		
(> 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 20% (nominal)		
Selectivity (-60 dB/-3 dB)			4.1: 1 (nomin	al)	
EMI bandwidths (CISPR 16-1-1; requires N90EMEMC	CB or N6141EM	10E)	200 Hz, 9 kH	z, 120 kHz, 1 MHz	
EMI bandwidths (MIL-STD-461; requires N90EMEMC	B or N6141EM	0E)	E) 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz, 1 MHz		
reselector bandwidth					
he preselector can have a significant passband rippl	e. To avoid amb	biguous results	s, the -4dB ba	ndwidth is characterized	
Center frequency			Mean bandwidth (- 4 dB)		
	·	8, 513 and 520	6	Option 544 and 550	Option 555
GHz	58 MHz			46 MHz	39 MHz
0 GHz	57 MHz			52 MHz	46 MHz
5 GHz	59 MHz			53 MHz	47 MHz
0 GHz	64 MHz			55 MHz	48 MHz
5 GHz	74 MHz			56 MHz	52 MHz
5 GHz			-	62 MHz	57 MHz
4 GHz	N/A		-	70 MHz	64 MHz
0 GHz 5 GHz				76 MHz N/A	72 MHz 80 MHz
				IN/A	OU IVII IZ
lideo bandwidth (VBW) filters		1 11- 40 2 141	U= (100/ ata-	o) 4 5 6 9 MHz and wilds	onen (leheled EO MI I=\
Range				s), 4, 5,6, 8 MHz, and wide	open (labeled 50 MHZ)
Accuracy Detector types		± 6%, nomi	ııdı		
•	nana DMC · ·	- الحدد احمد معمد	an aug		
Normal, peak, sample, negative peak, log power aver	aye, KIVIS aver			average to ab	
With N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E		Add quasi-p	beak and EMI	average to above	



# **Triggers and Gating**

	Swept trigger	Gate source	Wide bandwidth IQ trigger	Supplemental information
Free Run	Υ		Υ	
External 1	Υ	Υ	Υ	litter up to 22 pe p p (peminel)
External 2	Υ	Υ	Υ	Jitter up to ~33 ns p-p (nominal)
External 3			Υ	Jitter < 20 ps (nominal)
RF Burst	Υ	Υ		IF Path ≤ 40 MHz only
Video (IF Mag)	Υ		Υ	In 255 MHz IF Path only; at greater bandwidths, ADC trigger is similar
ADC			Y	Similar to Video, but operates digitally on mag[I,Q], prior to decimation, filtering, and corrections. Available for bandwidth > 255 MHz.
Line	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Periodic	Υ	Υ	Υ	Repetitive "frame" trigger, at precise interval, following an External or RF Burst trigger
TV	Υ	Υ		
Triggers				
Video (independent of and Reference Level)	f Display Scaling	Specifications		Supplemental information
Minimum settable level		-170 dBm		Useful range limited by noise
Maximum usable level		-110 00111		Highest allowed mixer level (the highest allowed mixer level depends on the IF Gain. It is nominally –10 dBm for Preamp Off and IF Gain = Low) + 2 dB (nominal)
Detector and sweep ty	ype relationships			
				Supplemental information
Sweep Type = Swept				
Detector = Normal, Pea	ak, Sample or Negati	ve Peak		Triggers on the signal before detection, which is similar to the displayed signal
Detector = Average			Triggers on the signal before detection, but with a single-pole filter added to give similar smoothing to that of the average detector	
Sweep Type = FFT			Triggers on the signal envelope in a bandwidth wider than the FFT width	
RF Burst		Specifications		Supplemental information
Level range -40 to -10 dBm plus attenu (nominal)		n plus attenuation	Noise will limit trigger level range at high frequencies, such as above 15 GHz	
Level accuracy		,		
With positive slope trigg	ger. Trigger level with	negative slope is	nominally 1 to 4 dB lov	wer than positive slope.
Absolute		± 2 dB + Absolu Accuracy (nomi		
Relative		± 2 dB (nomina	,	
Bandwidth (-10 dB)				
Most cases (including RF Burst Lev	vel Type = Relative)	> 80 MHz (nom	inal)	
Start Freq < 300 MHz RF Burst Level Type =	,			
Sweep Type = Swer		16 MHz (nomin	al)	
Sweep Type = FFT		,	,	
FFT Width > 25 M	ИНz	> 80 MHz (nom	inal)	
FFT Width 8 to 2		30 MHz (nomin		
FFT Width < 8 M		16 MHz (nomin		
Frequency Limitations		,	If the start or center frequency is too close to zero, LO feedthroug can degrade or prevent triggering. How close is too close depend the bandwidth listed above.	



# **Amplitude Accuracy and Range Specifications**

Amplitude characteristics vary by user-selectable front-end path. Swept SA measurements are normally made with preselector on (in circuit). These settings impact amplitude accuracy and range.

Front e	end settings				
1a	Preselector		Default selection following power-on, boot-up, or PRESET. Settings provide best dynamic range and lowest internally-generated distortion. Suitable for harmonics, IMD, spurious in presence of large signals, etc. unless noise-limited.		
1b	Standard path	Preselector, LNA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Suitable for distortion measurements (harmonics, IMD, etc.) when a lower noise floor is needed.		
1c		Preselector, PA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1b.		
1d		Preselector, LNA on, PA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide lowest possible DANL, compared to 1c. Best for finding low-level spurs, oscillations, etc. near the noise floor. Allows use of wider RBW setting to achieve equivalent noise floors, so can make spur searching faster.		
2a	Low poice noth	Preselector, LNP	Bypasses the preamplifier. Settings provide the lowest distortion and best dynamic range, yet with lower DANL at higher frequencies, when compared with 1a. Path not active below 3.6 GHz.		
2b	Low-noise path (LNP)	Preselector, LNP, LNA on	Bypasses the preamplifier. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide the lower DANL, compared to 2a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Path not active at below 3.6 GHz.		
3a		MPB	Bypasses preselector. Settings provide very good EVM floor at mid-high input power region (using attenuation), including below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Recommend using path 4a if above 3.6 GHz.		
3b	Microwave Preselector	LNA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide best EVM at low input power for below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 4b if above 3.6 GHz.		
3с	Bypass path (MPB)	PA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Settings allowed only for very low power levels since preselector is bypassed. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.		
3d		LNA on, PA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Good sensitivity for narrowband swept measurements only. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.		
4a	Full Dunger v - th	LNP, MPB	Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Settings provide best EVM floor for mid-high input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3a if below 3.6 GHz.		
4b	Full Bypass path (FBP)	LNP, MPB, LNA on	Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, P5L, P55, or P5N. Settings provide best EVM floor for low input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3b if below 3.6 GHz.		



Amplitude range	
Measurement range	Displayed average noise level (DANL) to +30 dBm (for preamp Off) DANL to +24 dBm (for frequency opts ≤ 526 with preamp On) DANL to +20 dBm (for frequency opts > 526 with preamp On)
Input mechanical attenuator range (2 Hz to 55 GHz)	0 to 70 dB in 2 dB steps
Electronic attenuator (option EA3)	
Frequency range	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz
Attenuation range	
Electronic attenuator range	0 to 24 dB, 1 dB steps
Full attenuation range (mechanical + electronic)	0 to 94 dB, 1 dB steps
Maximum safe input level (max applied to RF input connector)	
Average total power (with and without preamp)	+30 dBm (1 W)
Peak pulse power (< 10 µs pulse width, < 1% duty cycle, and input attenuation ≥ 30 dB)	+50 dBm (100 W)
DC volts	
DC coupled	± 0.2 Vdc
AC coupled (Option 508,513 or 526)	± 100 Vdc
Display range	
Log scale	0.1 to 1 dB/division in 0.1 dB steps 1 to 20 dB/division in 1 dB steps (10 display divisions)
Linear scale	10 divisions
Scale units	dBm, dBmV, dBμV, dBmA, dBμA, V, W, A



## **Frequency Response**

#### 1a. Standard path frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz 20 to 30° C Typical, unless otherwise stated Full range 2 Hz to 30 MHz $\pm 0.50 dB$ ± 0.40 dB ± 0.15 dB > 30 MHz to 50 MHz ± 0.40 dB ± 0.35 dB ± 0.20 dB > 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz ± 0.60 dB $\pm 0.35 dB$ ± 0.20 dB > 3.6 to 5.2 GHz $\pm 3.50 dB$ ± 1.70 dB ± 1.00 dB > 5.2 to 8.4 GHz $\pm 2.50 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 1.50 dB$ $\pm 0.60 dB$ > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz $\pm 2.00 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 1.50 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 0.60 dB$ > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz $\pm 2.20 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 1.50 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 0.60 dB$ > 17.1 to 22.0 GHz $\pm 2.30 \text{ dB}$ $\pm$ 1.50 dB $\pm 0.60 dB$ > 22.0 to 26.5 GHz $\pm 2.50 dB$ $\pm 2.00 \ dB$ $\pm 0.70 dB$ ± 3.50 dB > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz $\pm 2.30 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 1.00 dB$ ± 2.50 dB > 34.5 to 36.5 GHz ± 5.20 dB ± 1.50 dB > 36.5 to 55.0 GHz ± 5.20 dB ± 3.10 dB ± 1.50 dB

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise state
30 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.70 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.20 dB
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 1.10 dB
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.60 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.00 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 0.80 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.70 dB	± 2.60 dB	± 1.20 dB
> 34.5 to 55.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.20 dB	± 1.60 dB

1c. Standard path, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz				
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated	
9 kHz to 100 kHz			± 0.40 dB (nom)	
> 100 kHz to 50 MHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.68 dB	± 0.35 dB	
> 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.20 dB	
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 1.20 dB	
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.80 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.80 dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.95 dB	
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.90 dB	± 2.20 dB	± 0.95 dB	
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.70 dB	± 2.70 dB	± 1.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 4.50 dB	± 2.90 dB	± 1.30 dB	
> 34.5 to 55.0 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.60 dB	



## 2b. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Frequency response (nominal)
< 3.6 GHz	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then actually using Standard Path with LNA ON
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.80 dB
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	$\pm 0.70 \text{ dB}$
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.00 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 1.00 dB
> 34.5 to 55.0 GHz	± 1.40 dB

#### 1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz 20 to 30 °C Frequency Full range Typical, unless otherwise stated < 3.6 GHz (if tuning < 3.6 GHz, then standard path with LNA on is used) 3.6 to 5.2 GHz $\pm 3.50 \, \mathrm{dB}$ $\pm 2.10 \text{ dB}$ ± 1.30 dB > 5.2 to 8.4 GHz ± 2.80 dB $\pm$ 1.80 dB ± 0.75 dB > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz $\pm 2.40 dB$ $\pm$ 1.80 dB $\pm 0.75 dB$ > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz ± 2.40 dB ± 1.80 dB ± 0.75 dB > 17.1 to 22.0 GHz ± 2.70 dB ± 2.10 dB ± 0.75 dB > 22.0 to 26.5 GHz $\pm$ 3.20 dB $\pm 2.50 dB$ ± 0.90 dB > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz $\pm 3.90 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 2.80 \text{ dB}$ ± 1.30 dB > 34.5 to 36.5 GHz $\pm 5.30 dB$ $\pm$ 3.40 dB $\pm$ 1.70 dB $\pm 5.30 \text{ dB}$ > 36.5 to 45.0 GHz $\pm$ 3.40 dB $\pm$ 1.70 dB > 45.0 to 50.0 GHz $\pm$ 5.80 dB $\pm$ 3.40 dB $\pm$ 1.70 dB > 50.0 to 55.0 GHz $\pm 6.20 dB$ $\pm$ 3.40 dB $\pm$ 1.70 dB

10 dB input attenuation, rela	ative to reference conditions (50 MH	z), preselector centering applied above	3.6 GHz		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 3 0°C	Typical, unless otherwise stated		
< 3.6 GHz	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then actually using Standard Path			
3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 1.00 dB		
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.90 dB		
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.00 dB	± 2.50 dB	± 1.05 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.60 dB	± 2.80 dB	± 1.10 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.40 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		
> 45.0 to 55.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		



# 3a. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MBP enabled, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), Frequency Full range 20 to 30 °C Typical, unless otherwise stated 3 6 to 8 4 GHz + 1 40 dB + 0 50 dB

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.40 dB	± 1.00 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 1.60 dB	± 1.10 dB	± 0.55 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 1.80 dB	± 1.10 dB	± 0.55 dB
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.40 dB	± 0.60 dB
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.20 dB	± 1.60 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 2.90 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.90 dB
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.50 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.00 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB
> 45.0 to 55.0 GHz	± 5.50 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB

3b, 3c, 3d. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MBP path enabled, relative to 10 dB, excludes 0 dB setting)				
Frequency	3b. MPB, LNA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3c. Std, PA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3d. Std, LNA on, PA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.40 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.60 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 34.5 to 55 GHz	± 1.10 dB	± 1.20 dB	± 1.10 dB	

4a, 4b. Full bypass (FBP) path frequency response (full bypass path enabled)			
Frequency	4a. FBP (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	4b. FBP, LNA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.40 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 34.5 to 55 GHz	± 1.00 dB	± 1.00 dB	

Electronic attenuator (option EA3) frequency response					
Maximum error relative to reference conditions (50 MHz). Mechanical attenuation set to default/calibrated setting of 10 dB.					
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise		
2 Hz to 9 kHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.25 dB		
9 kHz to 50 MHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.25 dB		
50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.60 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.20 dB		

Note: Signal frequencies above 18 GHz are prone to additional response errors due to modes in the Type-N connector used. Only analyzers with frequency Option 526 that do not also have input connector Option C35 will have these modes. With the use of Type-N to APC 3.5 mm adapter part number 1250-1744, there are nominally six such modes. The effect of these modes with this connector are included within these specifications.



#### Attenuator switching uncertainty (50 MHz reference frequency, relative to 10 dB reference setting, LNA off, PA off)

#### 1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Attenuation	Full range	Typical
12 to 40 dB	± 0.14 dB	± 0.04 dB
2 to 8 dB, or > 40 dB	± 0.18 dB	± 0.06 dB
0 dB		± 0.05 dB (nominal)

#### Attenuation >2 dB at other frequencies (nominal)

2 HZ to 3.6 GHZ	± 0.3 aB
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	$\pm 0.5  \mathrm{dB}$
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.7 dB
> 26.5 to 55 GHz	± 1.0 dB

#### Total absolute amplitude accuracy (at 50 MHz)

At 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -10 to -50 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Swp Time = Accy, any Reference Level, any vertical Scale.

Path	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical	AutoAlign = Light, nominal
1a. Std	± 0.35 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.10 dB	± 0.17 dB
1b. Std (LNA on, preamp off)	± 0.40 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.19 dB
1c. Std (LNA off, preamp on)	± 0.40 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.17 dB

#### With electronic attenuator

(at 50MHz, 0 to 24 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -7 to -25 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Swp Time = Accy, any Reference Level, any vertical Scale)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	± 0.35 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.10 dB	± 0.17 dB
and and the constitution of the first			_ 0.10 db	2 0.11 45

#### For absolute amplitude accuracy at any frequency, use the following formulas:

At any frequency	± (Abs Amp at 50 MHz + Frequency Response)
------------------	--

Wide range of signal levels, resolution bandwidths, reference levels, attenuation = 10 dB,

± 0.20 dB, 95th percentile

10 Hz to 3.6 GHz

Note1: Absolute amplitude accuracy is the total of all amplitude measurement errors, and applies over the following subset of settings and conditions:

1 Hz ≤ RBW ≤ 1 MHz Input signal −10 to −50 dBm (details below)

Input attenuation 10 dB

Span < 5 MHz (nominal additional error for span ≥ 5 MHz is is 0.02 dB)

All settings auto-coupled except Swp Time Rules = Accuracy

Combinations of low signal level and wide RBW use VBW ≤ 30 kHz to reduce noise

When using FFT sweeps, the signal must be at the center frequency.

This absolute amplitude accuracy specification includes the sum of the following individual specifications under the conditions listed above: Scale Fidelity, Reference Level Accuracy, Display Scale Switching Uncertainty, Resolution Bandwidth Switching Uncertainty, 50 MHz Amplitude Reference Accuracy, and the accuracy with which the instrument aligns its internal gains to the 50 MHz Amplitude Reference. The only difference between signals within the range above –50 dBm and those signals below that level is the scale fidelity. Our specifications and experience show no difference between signals above and below this level. The only reason our Absolute Amplitude Uncertainty specification does not go below this level is that noise detracts from our ability to verify the performance at all levels with acceptable test times and yields. So the performance is not warranted at lower levels, but we fully expect it to be the same.

Note 2: Absolute amplitude accuracy for a wide range of signal and measurement settings, covers the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence. Here are the details of what is covered and how the computation is made:

The wide range of conditions of RBW, signal level, VBW, reference level and display scale are described above.

There are 44 quasi-random combinations used, tested at a 50 MHz signal frequency.

We compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.

Also, the frequency response relative to the 50 MHz response is characterized by varying the signal across a large number of quasi-random verification frequencies that are chosen to not correspond with the frequency response adjustment frequencies.

We again compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.

We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the 50 MHz absolute amplitude accuracy to a national standards organization.

We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the relative frequency response to a national standards organization. We take the root-sum-square of these four independent Gaussian parameters

To that RSS we add the environmental effects of temperature variations across the 20 to 30°C range.

These computations and measurements are made with the mechanical attenuator only in circuit, set to the reference state of 10 dB.



#### VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) at RF Input (95th percentile) Standard path, 10 dB input attenuation, 50 MHz (reference condition) 1.09:1 (nominal) Standard path, 0 dB input attenuation, 0.01 to 3.6 GHz 2.05:1 (nominal) 1b Std, LNA on, PA off Option 1c Std, LNA off, PA on 1a Std, LNA off, PA off 1d Std, LNA on, PA on IF Path ≤ 40 MHz Frequency (10 dB attenuation) IF Path ≤ 40 MHz 508, 513, 544 and (0 dB attenuation) 555 (0 dB attenuation) and 526 550 1.20 1.30 1.70 Χ Χ 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz 1.20 1.30 1.80 Χ 1.30 1.50 1.60 Χ Χ 3.6 to 8.4 GHz 1.40 1.60 1.70 Х 1.50 1.60 1.60 Х 8.4 to 13.6 GHz 1.30 1.40 1.50 Х Χ 1.70 Х 1.60 1.70 13.6 to 17.1 GHz 1.30 1.40 Х Х 1.40 1.80 1.80 1.80 Χ 17.1 to 26.5 GHz 1.40 1.40 1.50 Х 1.60 1.60 1.70 Χ 1.50 1.60 1.60 Х 26.5 to 34.5 GHz 1.70 1.70 1.80 Χ 1.70 1.70 1.80 Χ 34.5 to 50 GHz 1.80 1.80 1.90 Χ

The magnitude of the mismatch over the range of frequencies will be very similar between MPB and non-MPB operation, between LNP and non-LNP operation, and between FBP and non-FBP operation, but the details, such as the frequencies of the peaks and valleys, will shift.

Х

1.70

1.70

1.70

A similar process is used for computing the result when using the electronic attenuator under a wide range of settings: all even settings from 4 through 24 dB inclusive, with the mechanical attenuator set to 10 dB. The 95th percentile result was 0.20 dB.



50.0 to 55.0 GHz

# **VSWR** plots

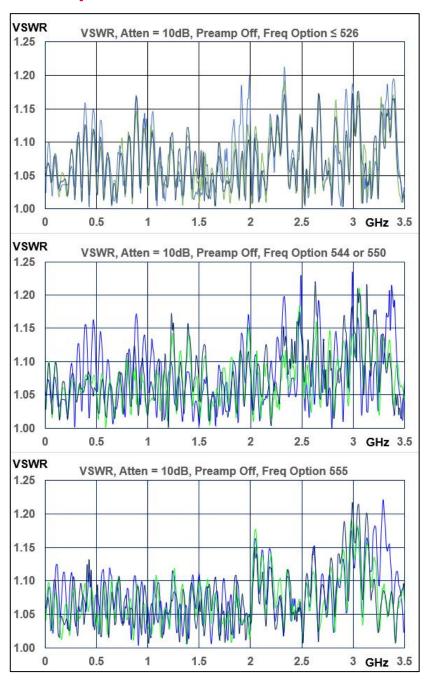


Figure 1. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

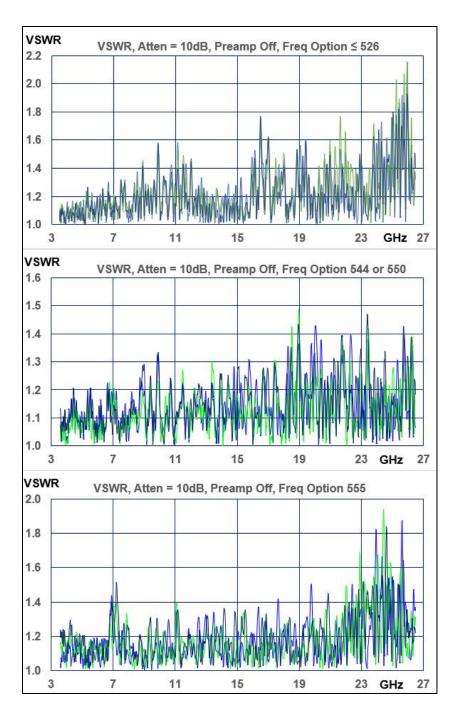
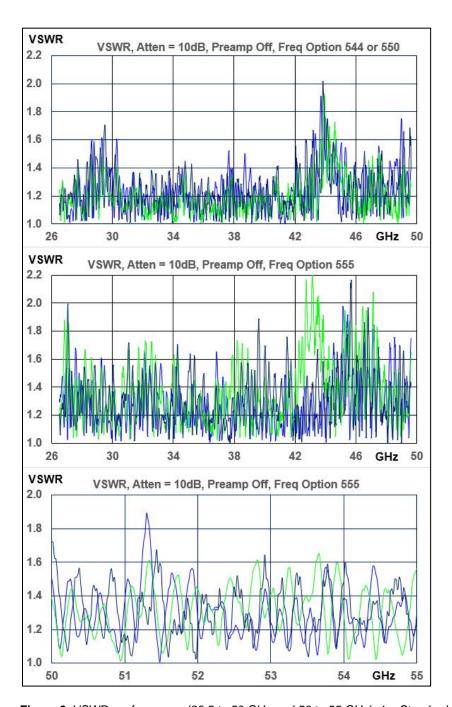


Figure 2. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



**Figure 3.** VSWR vs. frequency (26.5 to 50 GHz and 50 to 55 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

	rtainty (reference to 30 kHz RWB), 20 to 30 °C			
1 Hz to 1.5 MHz RBW	< ± 0.03 dB			
1.6 MHz to 2.7 MHz RBW		< ± 0.05 dB		
3 MHz RBW		± 0.10 dB		
4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz RBW		± 0.30 dB		
Reference level				
Range				
Log scale		-170 to +30 dBm in 0.01 dB steps		
Linear scale		707 pV to 7.07 V with 0.11% (0.01 dB) resolution		
Accuracy (Only affects the display, not the measurement results from trace data or results from the results from trace data or re	e measurement, so it causes no additional error in markers.)	0 dB		
Display scale switching uncertainty				
Switching between linear and log (Only a additional error in measurement results for	ffects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no rom trace data or markers.)	0 dB		
Log scale/div switching (Only affects the error in measurement results from trace of	display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional data or markers.)	0 dB		
Display scale fidelity (Log-linear fideli	ty, relative to the reference condition -25 dBm input thro	ough 10 dB attenuation, thus -35 dBm at the input mixer)		
Input mixer level	Full range	Typical		
-18 dBm ≤ ML ≤ -10 dBm	± 0.10 dB total	± 0.04 dB		
ML < -18 dBm input mixer level	± 0.07 dB	± 0.02 dB		
Preamplifiers (2 stages: Low-Noise A	mplifier LNA, Pre-Amplifier PA)			
	Low-Noise Amplifier (LNA)	Pre-Amplifier (PA)		
Option P08	20 MHz to 8.4 GHz	9 kHz to 8.4 GHz		
Option P13	20 MHz to 13.6 GHz	9 kHz to 13.6 GHz		
Option P26	20 MHz to 26.5 GHz	9 kHz to 26.5 GHz		
Option P44, P4L	20 MHz to 44 GHz	9 kHz to 44 GHz		
Option P50, P5L	20 MHz to 50 GHz	9 kHz to 50 GHz		
Option P55, P5N	20 MHz to 55 GHz	9 kHz to 55 GHz		
	For options P4L/P5L/P5N: ≥ 43.5 GHz both LNA at	nd PA cannot be used simultaneously		
Noise figure	4 to 8 dB (nominal)	10 dB (nominal)		
Coin (up to 50 CHT)	20 dB (nominal)	30 dB (nominal)		
Gain (up to 50 GHz)	When LNA and PA are used simultaneously, gain =	= 40 dB (nominal)		
Gain (50 to 55 GHz)	13 dB (nominal)	16 dB (nominal)		
Jain (30 to 33 GHz)	When LNA and PA are used simultaneously, gain =	When LNA and PA are used simultaneously, gain = 24 dB (nominal)		



## **Dynamic Range Specifications**

### 1 dB gain compression

#### Notes:

- Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal.
- Specified at 1 kHz RBW with 100 kHz tone spacing. The compression point will nominally equal the specification for tone spacing greater than 5 times the prefilter bandwidth. At smaller spacings, ADC clipping may occur at a level lower than the 1 dB compression point.
- Reference level and off-screen performance: The reference level (RL) behavior differs from some earlier analyzers in a way that makes this analyzer more flexible. In other analyzers, the RL controlled how the measurement was performed as well as how it was displayed. Because the logarithmic amplifier in these analyzers had both range and resolution limitations, this behavior was necessary for optimum measurement accuracy. The logarithmic amplifier in this signal analyzer, however, is implemented digitally such that the range and resolution greatly exceed other instrument limitations. Because of this, the analyzer can make measurements largely independent of the setting of the RL without compromising accuracy. Because the RL becomes a display function, not a measurement function, a marker can read out results that are off-screen, either above or below, without any change in accuracy. The only exception to the independence of RL and the way in which the measurement is performed is in the input attenuation setting: When the input attenuation is set to auto, the rules for the determination of the input attenuation include dependence on the reference level. Because the input attenuation setting controls the tradeoff between large signal behaviors (third-order intermodulation, compression, and display scale fidelity) and small signal effects (noise), the measurement results can change with RL changes when the input attenuation is set to auto.
- Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- Total power at the preamp (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- The low noise path, when in use, does not substantially change the compression-to-noise dynamic range or the TOI-to-noise dynamic range because it mostly just reduces losses in the signal path in front of all significant noise, TOI and compression-affecting circuits. In other words, the compression threshold and the third-order intercept both decrease and to the same extent as that to which the DANL decreases.

#### Standard path: 1 dB gain compression (swept, standard, preselector on)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) – input attenuation (dB).

Center frequency		Gain compression (nominal)		
	1a. PA Off	1b. LNA	1c. PA	
20 to 40 MHz	+3 dBm	–16 dBm	-13 dBm	
> 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz	+6 dBm	–16 dBm	-13 dBm	
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	+5 dBm	–16 dBm	–27 dBm	
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	+1 dBm	–20 dBm	-30 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	0 dBm	–16 dBm	-32 dBm	

#### IF prefilter bandwidth

This table applies without *Option FS1* or *FS2*, fast sweep. With *Option FS1* or *FS2*, which is a standard option in the UXA, this table applies for sweep rates that are manually chosen to be the same as or slower than "traditional" sweep rates, instead of the much faster sweep rates, such as autocoupled sweep rates, available with *FS1* or *FS2*. Sweep rate is defined to be span divided by sweep time. If the sweep rate is  $\leq 1.1$  times RBW-squared, the table applies. Otherwise, compute an "effective RBW" = Span / (SweepTime  $\times$  RBW). To determine the IF Prefilter Bandwidth, look up this effective RBW in the table instead of the actual RBW. For example, for RBW = 3 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, and Sweep time = 42 ms, we compute that Sweep Rate = 7.1 MHz/s, while RBW-squared is 9 MHz/s. So the Sweep Rate is < 1.1 times RBW-squared and the table applies; row 1 shows the IF Prefilter Bandwidth is nominally 8.9 kHz. If the sweep time is 1 ms, then the effective RBW computes to 100 kHz. This would result in an IF Prefilter Bandwidth from the third row, nominally 303 kHz.

Zero span or swept, RBW=	Sweep Type = FFT, FFT width =	-3 dB bandwidth (nominal)
≤ 3.9 kHz	< 4.01 kHz	8.9 kHz
4.3 to 27 kHz	< 28.81 kHz	79 kHz
30 to 160 kHz	< 167.4 kHz	303 kHz
180 to 390 kHz	< 411.9 kHz	966 kHz
430 kHz to 10 MHz	< 7.99 MHz	10.9 MHz



# **Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)**

Input terminated, Sample or Average detector, Averaging type set to Log, IF Gain = High, 1 Hz Resolution Bandwidth, 0 dB input attenuation.

	Op	tion				T 25-1 11-1-19
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Full range 20 to 30 °C	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
2 to 10 Hz	Х					-125 dBm (nominal)
2 10 10 112		Х	Х			-95 dBm (nominal)
> 10 to 100 Hz	Х					-127 dBm (nominal)
> 10 to 100 HZ		Х	Х		N/A	-114 dBm (nominal)
> 100 H= to 1 HI=	Х				IN/A	-129 dBm (nominal)
> 100 Hz to 1 kHz		Х	Х			-128 dBm (nominal)
> 1 to 9 kHz	Х					-138 dBm (nominal)
> I to 3 KHZ		Х	Х			-136 dBm (nominal)
> 9 to 100 kHz	Х	Х	Х	–141 dBm	-141 dBm	–146 dBm
> 100 kHz to 1 MHz	Х	Х	Х	–148 dBm	-150 dBm	–153 dBm
> 1 to 10 MHz	Х	Х	Х	-152 dBm	–153 dBm	–156 dBm
> 10 MHz to 1.2 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-151 dBm	-152 dBm	–155 dBm
> 1.2 to 2.1 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-148 dBm	-150 dBm	–152 dBm
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-147 dBm	-148 dBm	–150 dBm
	Х			–148 dBm	-150 dBm	–152 dBm
> 3.6 to 6.6 GHz		Х		–148 dBm	-149 dBm	-151 dBm
			Х	-145 dBm	-146 dBm	–148 dBm
> 6.6 to 8.4 GHz	Х	Х		–148 dBm	-150 dBm	-152 dBm
≥ 0.0 (0 8.4 GHZ			Х	–147 dBm	-148 dBm	-150 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	Х	Х		–146 dBm	–147 dBm	-151 dBm
2 0.4 (0 13.0 GHZ			Х	-146 dBm	-147 dBm	–149 dBm
> 13.6 to 17 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-146 dBm	-147 dBm	-151 dBm
> 17 to 22.5 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	–149 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-140 dBm	-142 dBm	–146 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz		Х		-139 dBm	-141 dBm	–145 dBm
~ 20.0 IO 30 GHZ			Х	-139 dBm	-141 dBm	–143 dBm
> 30 to 34 GHz		Х	Х	–135 dBm	–138 dBm	–143 dBm
> 34 to 37 GHz		Х	Х	-131 dBm	-133 dBm	–139 dBm
> 37 to 40 GHz		Х	Х	-131 dBm	-133 dBm	–138 dBm
> 40 to 45 GHz		Х	Х	-127 dBm	-130 dBm	–136 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	-122 dBm	-126 dBm	–133 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz			Х	-122 dBm	-126 dBm	-131 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz			Х	-120 dBm	-121 dBm	-127 dBm



#### 1b. Standard path, LNA on (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 9 to 11 dB, for standard path, LNA on

		Option		Full range		Typical, unless otherwise stated
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555		20 to 30 °C	
< 20 MHz	Х	Х	Х			Not permitted with LNA on
> 20 to 40 MHz	Х				N/A	-164 dBm (nominal)
> 20 to 40 MHZ		Х	Х			-160 dBm (nominal)
> 40 to 500 MHz	Х			-165 dBm	-165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 40 to 500 MHZ		Х	Х	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz	Х			-165 dBm	-165 dBm	–167 dBm
~ 300 IVI⊓Z (U Z.3 GПZ		х	Х	-164 dBm	-165 dBm	–166 dBm
> 2.5 GHz to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	Х	–161 dBm	-163 dBm	–166 dBm
	Х			-163 dBm	-164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 3.6 to 4.7 GHz		Х		-162 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
			Х	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-164 dBm
	Х			-162 dBm	-164 dBm	–166 dBm
> 4.7 to 8.4 GHz		Х		-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
			Х	-160 dBm	-162 dBm	–164 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.5 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 13.5 to 17.1 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–164 dBm
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz	Х			-159 dBm	-161 dBm	–163 dBm
> 17.1 to 22.3 GHZ		Х	Х	-158 dBm	-161 dBm	–162 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-155 dBm	-156 dBm	–159 dBm
> 26.5 to 27 GHz		х	Х	-153 dBm	-155 dBm	–160 dBm
> 27 to 34.5 GHz		X	Х	–148 dBm	-152 dBm	–156 dBm
> 34.5 to 42.5 GHz		х	Х	-142 dBm	-146 dBm	–152 dBm
> 42.5 to 47 GHz		X	Х	–138 dBm	-141 dBm	–148 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz		х	Х	-134 dBm	-138 dBm	–145 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz			Х	-134 dBm	-138 dBm	–143 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz			Х	-131 dBm	-132 dBm	-138 dBm

#### 1c. Standard path, PA on (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 5 to 12 dB, for standard path, PA on.

Frequency		Option				Typical, unless otherwise
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Full range	20 to 30 °C	stated
> 100 kHz to 200 kHz	Х	Х	Х			-151 dBm (nominal)
> 200 kHz to 500 kHz	Х	Х	Х		N/A	-162 dBm (nominal)
> 500 kHz to 1 MHz	Х			N/A −156 dBm (n		-156 dBm (nominal)
> 500 KHZ (0 1 WHZ		Х	Х			-161 dBm (nominal)
1 MHz to 2.1 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-163 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-160 dBm	-161 dBm	–163 dBm
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-164 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-164 dBm
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-160 dBm	-162 dBm	-164 dBm
> 17.1 to 20.0 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-159 dBm	-160 dBm	–163 dBm
> 20.0 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-155 dBm	-156 dBm	–160 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz		Х	Х	-155 dBm	-158 dBm	-160 dBm
> 30 to 34 GHz		Х	Х	-153 dBm	-157 dBm	–159 dBm
> 34 to 40 GHz		Х	Х	-150 dBm	-154 dBm	–156 dBm
> 40 to 45 GHz		Х	Х	-147 dBm	-150 dBm	-152 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	-144 dBm	-147 dBm	–151 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz			Х	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	–149 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz			х	–139 dBm	–141 dBm	–146 dBm



#### 1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 5 to 11 dB, for standard path, LNA on, PA on.

		Option			20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Full range		
< 20 MHz	х	Х	Х	Not permitted	with LNA on	
> 20 to 40 MHz	х				N/A	-164 dBm (nominal)
> 20 to 40 MIH2		Х	Х		N/A	-160 dBm (nominal)
> 40 to 500 MHz	х			-165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 40 to 500 MH2		Х	Х	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz	х			-165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 500 MHZ to 2.5 GHZ		Х	Х	-164 dBm	-165 dBm	–166 dBm
> 2.5 to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 2 6 to 0 4 011=	х			-164 dBm	-165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz		Х	Х	-162 dBm	-164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.5 GHz	Х	X	Х	-163 dBm	-164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 13.5 to 17.1 GHz	Х	х	Х	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–166 dBm
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	Х	х	Х	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	Х	х	Х	-158 dBm	-160 dBm	-163 dBm
> 26.5 to 36.5 GHz		х	Х	-156 dBm	-159 dBm	–161 dBm
> 36.5 to 43.5 GHz		х	Х	-152 dBm	-155 dBm	–158 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for Option P44, P50, and P55)		X	Х	–151 dBm	–153 dBm	–157 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for Option P50 and P55)		x	Х	–150 dBm	–152 dBm	–156 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz (for Option P55)			Х	–149 dBm	–150 dBm	–154 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz (for Option P55)			х	–144 dBm	–146 dBm	–151 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for Option P4L, P5L and P5N)		х	X	–138 dBm	–141 dBm	-148 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for Option P5L and P5N)		X	X	–134 dBm	–138 dBm	-145 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz (for Option P5N)			X	-134 dBm	–138 dBm	-143 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz (for Option P5N)			Х	–131 dBm	–132 dBm	-138 dBm

#### 2a. Low-Noise Path (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 8 to 12 dB, for low-noise path.

		Option				Typical, unless otherwise
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Full range	20 to 30 °C	stated
< 3.6 GHz	X	Х	Х	Not permitted	with low noise path	
	Х			-151 dBm	–153 dBm	–155 dBm
3.6 to 8.4 GHz		Х		-150 dBm	-152 dBm	–154 dBm
			Х	-149 dBm	-150 dBm	–153 dBm
8.4 to 17.1 GHz	Х			-151 dBm	–153 dBm	–155 dBm
		Х	Х	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	–154 dBm
17.1 to 23 GHz	Х	Х	х	-149 dBm	-151 dBm	–153 dBm
23 to 26.5 GHz	X	Х	Х	-148 dBm	-150 dBm	–152 dBm
26.5 to 29 GHz		Х	Х	-146 dBm	-148 dBm	–151 dBm
29 to 34.5 GHz		Х	Х	-141 dBm	–143 dBm	–146 dBm
34.5 to 50 GHz		X	Х	-137 dBm	-139 dBm	–144 dBm
50 to 53 GHz			Х	-137 dBm	–139 dBm	–143 dBm
53 to 55 GHz			х	-134 dBm	–135 dBm	-140 dBm



Frequency	2b. LNP path, LNA on (nominal)
< 3.6 GHz	Not permitted with low noise path
3.6 to 17.1 GHz	-165 dBm
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	-164 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	-162 dBm
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-162 dBm
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	–160 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	–154 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz	–152 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz	-151 dBm

•	tor bypass (MPB) path DANL (MPB path	
Frequency	3a. MPB path (nominal)	3b. MPB, LNA on (nominal)
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-154 dBm	-163 dBm
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	-151 dBm	-162 dBm
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz	-150 dBm	-161 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm	-159 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz	-145 dBm	-159 dBm
> 30 to 34 GHz	-142 dBm	-158 dBm
> 34 to 40 GHz	-137 dBm	-154 dBm
> 40 to 45 GHz	-134 dBm	-153 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz	-130 dBm	-150 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz	-130 dBm	-150 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz	-130 dBm	-146 dBm

If using microwave preselector path (MPB) use path 3b for digital demodulation.

4a. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector bypass on, LNA off, PA off)					
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated		
0.01, 0.4,011	454 ID	450 ID	450 ID		
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-154 dBm	-156 dBm	-158 dBm		
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm		
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm		
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-157 dBm		
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm		
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-151 dBm	-152 dBm	-157 dBm		
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	-155 dBm		
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-147 dBm	-149 dBm	-152 dBm		
> 45 to 50 GHz	-145 dBm	-147 dBm	-151 dBm		
> 50 to 53 GHz	-145 dBm	-147 dBm	-150 dBm		
> 53 to 55 GHz	-143 dBm	-144 dBm	-148 dBm		



Frequency	4b. FBP, LNA on
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-163 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-163 dBm
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-162 dBm
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-161 dBm
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-160 dBm
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-160 dBm
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-159 dBm
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-154 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz	-153 dBm
> 50 to 53 GHz	-153 dBm
> 53 to 55 GHz	-152 dBm

# Residuals, Images, and Spurious Responses

Residual responses (input te	rminated, 0 dB attenuation)				
200 kHz to 8.4 GHz (swept)		–100 dBm			
Zero span or FFT or other frequency	uencies	-100 dBm (nominal)			
Image responses (standard p	oath, LNA off, PA off)				
Mixer level	Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency	Full range	Typical	
	10 MHz to 26.5 GHz	f+45 MHz	-80 dBc	-105 dBc	
	10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f+10,245 MHz	-80 dBc	-106 dBc	
	10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f+645 MHz	-80 dBc	-101 dBc	
-10 dBm	> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	f+645 MHz	-78 dBc	-87 dBc	
	> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	f+645 MHz	–74 dBc	-84 dBc	
	> 17.1 to 22 GHz	f+645 MHz	–70 dBc	-82 dBc	
	> 22 to 26.5 GHz	f+645 MHz	-68 dBc	–75 dBc	
	26.5 to 55 GHz	f+45 MHz		-90 dBc (nominal)	
-30 dBm	26.5 to 34.5 GHz	f+645 MHz	-70 dBc	-94 dBc	
-30 apiii	34.4 to 42 GHz	f+645 MHz	-59 dBc	-76 dBc	
	42 to 55 GHz	f+645 MHz		-75 dBc (nominal)	
Other spurious responses (ir	nput-related, standard path, L	NA off, PA off)			
N is the LO multiplication factor noise path (LNP).	r. Refer to earlier table for the N	value versus frequency ranges.	Performance is nominally t	the same, with PA on, and in low-	
. , ,		Mixer level	Response		
First RF order (f ≥ 10 MHz fro	om carrier)				
Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz		-10 dBm	-80 dBc + 20*log(N) harmonic mixing resp	including IF feedthrough, LO ponses	
Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz		-30 dBm	-90 dBc (nominal)		
Higher RF order (f ≥ 10 MHz f	from carrier)				
Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz		-40 dBm	-80 dBc + 20*log(N) including higher order mixer responses		
Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz		-30 dBm	-90 dBc (nominal)		
LO-related spurious respons	es				
200 Hz ≤ f < 10 MHz from carri	er	-10 dBm	-68 dBc + 20*log(N) -72 dBc + 20*log(N) (typical)		
45 Hz ≤ f < 200 MHz from carr			-73 dBc + 20*log(N) (nominal)		
Nominally –40 dBc under large	magnetic (0.38 Gauss rms) or	vibrational (0.21 g rms) environm	nental stimuli.		



# **Second-Harmonic Intercept (SHI)**

Francisco of the firedomental	Mixer level	Distortion	SHI
Frequency of the fundamental	wixer level	Distortion	эпі
10 to 500 MHz	–15 dBm	−65 dBc	+50 dBm
> 500 MHz to 1.8 GHz	–15 dBm	–60 dBc	+45 dBm
> 1.8 to 3 GHz	–15 dBm	–77 dBc	+62 dBm
> 3 to 4.5 GHz	–15 dBm	–76 dBc	+61 dBm
> 4.5 to 6.5 GHz	–15 dBm	–77 dBc	+62 dBm
> 6.5 to 10 GHz	–15 dBm	-80 dBc	+65 dBm
> 10 to 13.25 GHz	–15 dBm	-80 dBc	+65 dBm
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	–15 dBm	-68 dBc	+53 dBm

1b. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) Preamp level = Input level – Input attenuation					
Frequency of the Fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)		
15 to 40 MHz	-45 dBm	-65 dBc	+20 dBm		
> 40 MHz to 1 GHz	-45 dBm	-63 dBc	+18 dBm		
> 1 to 1.8 GHz	-45 dBm	-61 dBc	+16 dBm		
> 1.8 to 13.25 GHz	-45 dBm	-63 dBc	+18 dBm		

1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on) Preamp level = Input level – Input attenuation					
Frequency of the Fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)		
10 to 400 MHz	-45 dBm	-78 dBc	+33 dBm		
> 400 MHz to 1.8 GHz	–45 dBm	-73 dBc	+28 dBm		
> 1.8 to 4 GHz	–50 dBm	–55 dBc	+5 dBm		
> 4 to 13.25 GHz	–50 dBm	-60 dBc	+10 dBm		
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	–50 dBm	-50 dBc	0 dBm		

1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on) Preamp level = Input level – Input attenuation							
Frequency of the fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)				
1.8 to 4 GHz	–50 dBm	-44 dBc	–6 dBm				
> 4 to 13.25 GHz	–50 dBm	-47 dBc	−3 dBm				

2a. Low-noise path: SHI (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)							
Frequency of the fundamental	Mixer level	Distortion	SHI				
1.8 to 2.5 GHz	–15 dBm	-95 dBc	+80 dBm				
> 2.5 to 10 GHz	-15 dBm	-101 dBc	+86 dBm				
> 10 to 13.25 GHz	-15 dBm	-101 dBc	+86 dBm				
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	–15 dBm	−92 dBc	+77 dBm				



# **Third-Order Intercept (TOI)**

#### 1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two –16 dBm (10 MHz to 26.5 GHz) or –20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	quency Full range 20 to 30 °C		Typical, unless otherwise stated
10 to 200 MHz	+9 dBm	+12 dBm	+18 dBm
> 200 to 600 MHz	+16 dBm	+17 dBm	+20 dBm
> 600 MHz to 2.0 GHz	+18.5 dBm	+19.5 dBm	+22 dBm
> 2.0 to 3.6 GHz	+18.5 dBm	+19.5 dBm	+23 dBm
> 3.6 to 7.1 GHz	+15 dBm	+16 dBm	+18 dBm
> 7.1 to 10 GHz	+14.5 dBm	+15 dBm	+18 dBm
> 10 to 13.6 GHz	+17.5 dBm	+18.5 dBm	+22 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	+7 dBm	+9.5 dBm	+12 dBm
> 19 to 23 GHz	+12 dBm	+14 dBm	+16 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	+13 dBm	+14.5 dBm	+18 dBm
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	+11 dBm	+13 dBm	+ 17 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+ 7 dBm	+9 dBm	+14 dBm

#### 1b. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Two –34 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
30 to 200 MHz	0 dBm
> 200 to 600 MHz	+1 dBm
> 600 MHz to 3 GHz	+2.5 dBm
> 3 to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm
> 3.6 to 4 GHz	-1 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	0 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	+2 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	–5 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	0 dBm

#### 1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Two -34 dBm (10 MHz to 3.6 GHz) or -50 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) tones at LNA input with tone separation  $\geq$  100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
10 to 200 MHz	+2 dBm
> 200 to 400 MHz	+3 dBm
> 400 MHz to 1 GHz	+4 dBm
> 1 to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm
> 3.6 to 4 GHz	–14 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	–13 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	−8 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	_17 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	-12 dBm



#### 1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Two -50 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
3.6 to 4 GHz	-22 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	−20 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	-16 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	-24 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	-21 dBm

#### 2a. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two -16 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) or -20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

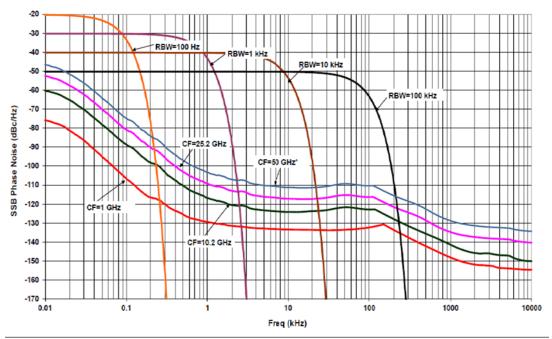
Frequency	Full range	20 °C to 30 °C	Typical
3.6 to 7.6 GHz	+9 dBm	+10 dBm	+13 dBm
> 7.6 to 10 GHz	+10 dBm	+11 dBm	+14 dBm
> 10 to 13.6 GHz	+11 dBm	+12 dBm	+15 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	+2 dBm	+4 dBm	+7 dBm
> 19 to 23 GHz	+6 dBm	+7 dBm	+10 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	+6 dBm	+8 dBm	+10 dBm
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	+3 dBm	+6 dBm	+8 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+1.5 dBm	+4 dBm	+7 dBm

# Phase Noise (SSB)

Phase noise	Offset	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
	10 Hz Wide Ref Loop BW		The factory test line limit is consistent with a warranted specification of –90 dBc/Hz	-93 dBc/Hz
	10 Hz Narrow Ref Loop BW			-88 dBc/Hz (nominal)
Noise	100 Hz	-107 dBc/Hz	–107 dBc/Hz	-112 dBc/Hz
sidebands (CF = 1 GHz)	1 kHz	-124 dBc/Hz	-125 dBc/Hz	-129 dBc/Hz
(01 1 0112)	10 kHz	-132 dBc/Hz	-134 dBc/Hz	-136 dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	-138 dBc/Hz	-139 dBc/Hz	-141 dBc/Hz
	1 MHz	-144 dBc/Hz	–145 dBc/Hz	-146 dBc/Hz
	10 MHz	-154 dBc/Hz	-154 dBc/Hz	-157 dBc/Hz



## Nominal Phase Noise at Different Center Frequencies with RBW Selectivity Curves, Optimized Phase Noise, Versus Offset Frequency



<sup>\*</sup> Unlike other curves, which are measured results from the measurement of excellent sources, the CF = 50 GHz curve is the predicted, not observed, phase noise, computed from the 25.2 GHz observation. See the footnotes in the Frequency Stability section for the details of phase noise performance versus center frequency.

**Figure 3.** Nominal PXA phase noise at various center frequencies. RBW curves added to show impact of analyzer phase noise in resolving two closely spaced signals for various RBW filter choices.



## **IQ** Analyzer

All specifications based on preselector by-passed (RF Path either Microwave Preselector Bypass or Full Bypass) (except <3.6 GHz), unless otherwise noted. IF Paths at 10, 25, 40, and 255 MHz are enabled by any of R10, R15, or R20. Each bandwidth option includes and enables all others with lesser bandwidth, e.g. instruments with R20 also have R15 and R10 licenses, plus B2X, B40, and B25 paths.

# 10 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Standard)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 10 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

10 MHz analysis bar	ndwidth (standar	d)						
Analysis bandwidth ra	•	10 Hz to 10	MHz					
Tuning range	90		2 Hz to 55 GHz			olding and LO feed	dthroug GHz a	allowed, but without
IF frequency		5122.5 MH 322.5 MHz	z (1st IF, center freque (Final IF)	ncy ≤ 3.6 GHz)		•	•	
ADC sample rate		100 MSa/se	ЭС					
ADC resolution		16 bits						
Final data format		I & Q pairs,	32 bits each, 64 bits/5	Sa				
Capture memory		2 GB						
IQ Analyzer		32,000,001	sample pairs					
l	:\	536.8 MSa	(229 Sa) with 32-bit da	ta packing				
Length (IQ sample pa	iirs)	268.4 MSa	(228 Sa) with 64-bit da	ta packing				
Maximum capture tim length)	e (time record	35.8 sec at packing	full 10 MHz BW with 3	32-bit data	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth			with decrease in bandwidth
IF frequency respon	nse							
Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude max error	Amplitude midv Error (95%)	width	Slope (dB/MHz (95%)	)	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
0.02 to 3.6 GHz	≤ 10	NA	± 0.20 dB	± 0.12 dB		± 0.10		0.02 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 10	Off	Off ± 0.25 dB ± 0.12 dB			± 0.10		0.02 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	≤ 10	Off	$ \pm 0.30 \text{ dB}                                   $			± 0.10		0.024 dB
> 34.4 to 55 GHz	≤ 10	Off	± 0.35 dB	± 0.12 dB		± 0.10		0.024 dB
IF phase linearity								
Center frequency		Span (MHz)	Span (MHz)			Preselector	RMS	6 (nominal)
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GH	lz	≤ 10 MHz	≤ 10 MHz			N/A	0.04	0
> 3.6 to 50 GHz		≤ 10 MHz				Off	0.07	0
> 50 to 55 GHz		≤ 10 MHz	≤ 10 MHz			Off	0.50	٥



# 25 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B25)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 15 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IFgain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

25 MHz analysis bandwidth (Opt	tion B25)				
Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 25 MHz				
Tuning range	2 Hz to 55 GHz		In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough.  Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified		
IF frequency	5122.5 MHz (1st l 322.5 MHz (Final	· .	ncy ≤ 3.6 G	Hz)	
ADC sample rate	100 MSa/sec	,			
ADC resolution	16 bits				
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bi	ts each, 64 bits/S	Sa		
Capture memory	2 GB				
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 samp	ole pairs			
Length (IQ sample pairs)	536.8 MSa (2 <sup>29</sup> S 268.4 MSa (2 <sup>28</sup> S	,			
Maximum capture time (time record length)	11.9 sec at full 2	5 MHz BW with 3	acking	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth	
IF frequency response					
Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector		Amplitude mx error	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
0.02 to 3.6 GHz	10 to <= 25	NA		± 0.30 dB	0.05 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	10 to <= 25	Off		± 0.40 dB	0.04 dB
> 26.5 to 55 GHz	10 to <= 25	Off		± 0.60 dB	0.04 dB
IF phase linearity					
Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector			RMS (nominal)
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	N/A			0.12°
> 3.6 to 50 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	Off			0.28°
> 50 to 55 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	Off			1.00°
Full scale (ADC clipping); presel	lector bypassed, LN	IA off, PA off (n	ominal)		
Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a Mixer level is RF input level less at	•	e signal level at v	which ADC	overload occurs. Actual clipping leve	ls vary significantly; this is only a guide.
Center frequency		Option		Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555		
2 Hz to 26.5 GHz	Х	х	Х	–8 dBm	–18 dBm
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		x	Х	–8 dBm	–18 dBm
> 50 to 55 GHz			Х	–13 dBm	–16 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF				Up to ± 1 dB nominal	'



# 40 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B40)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 65 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified.    Firequency   5050 MHz (1st IF, center frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz)   250 MHz (Final IF)	Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 40 MHz				
Frequency   250 MHz (Final IF)   200 MSa/sec   200 MSa/seca	Tuning range	2 Hz to 55 GHz		folding and LO feedthro Over-range tuning to 55	ugh. .5 GHz allowed, but without corrections,	
ADC resolution 12 bits	IF frequency		er frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz)			
1 & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	ADC sample rate	200 MSa/sec				
Capture memory       2 GB         Q Analyzer       32,000,001 sample pairs         Length (IQ sample pairs)       536,870,912 (22° Sa) with 32-bit data packing         Maximum capture time (time record length)       8.95 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing       Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth         IF frequency response         Center frequency       Span (MHz)       Preselector       Amplitude max error       Amplitude RMS (nominal)         0.02 to 3.6 GHz       ≤ 40       NA       ± 0.40 dB       0.07 dB         > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz       ≤ 40       Off       ± 0.60 dB       0.05 dB         > 2.6 to 50 GHz       ≤ 40       Off       ± 0.80 dB       0.05 dB         > 2.6 to 50 GHz       ≤ 40       Off       ± 0.80 dB       0.10 dB         IF phase linearity         Center frequency       Span (MHz)       Preselector       RMS (nominal)         IF phase linearity       Span (MHz)       Preselector       RMS (nominal)         > 2.0.2 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz       ≤ 40 MHz       N/A       0.12°         > 50 to 55 GHz       ≤ 40 MHz       Off       1.00°         IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)         SFDR       Signal at -12 dBFS	ADC resolution	12 bits				
Q Analyzer   32,000,001 sample pairs   536,870,912 (2°S Sa) with 32-bit data packing   268,435,456 (228 Sa) with 32-bit data packing   8.95 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40	Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits eac	h, 64 bits/Sa			
S36,870,912 (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing   288,435,456 (228 Sa) with 64-bit data packing   8.95 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 40 bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 42-bit data packing   4.47	Capture memory	2 GB				
Angle   Angl	Q Analyzer					
Sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing   A.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Length (IQ sample pairs)					
packing	Maximum capture time (time record	8.95 sec at full 40 MHz packing	BW with 32-bit data	Capture time increases	linearly with decrease in bandwidth	
Center frequency         Span (MHz)         Preselector         Amplitude max error         Amplitude RMS (nominal)           0.02 to 3.6 GHz         ≤ 40         NA         ± 0.40 dB         0.07 dB           > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz         ≤ 40         Off         ± 0.60 dB         0.05 dB           > 8.4 to 26.5 GHz         ≤ 40         Off         ± 0.80 dB         0.10 dB           > 26.5 to 34.4 GHz         ≤ 40         Off         ± 1.00 dB         0.10 dB           > 34.4 to 55 GHz         ≤ 40         Off         ± 1.00 dB         0.10 dB           IF phase linearity           Center frequency         Span (MHz)         Preselector         RMS (nominal)           > 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         N/A         0.12°           > 3.6 to 50 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         Off         0.32°           > 50 to 55 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         Off         1.00°           IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)           SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)         -77 dBc         Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width           IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)           Signal at -12 dBFS	length)		BW with 64-bit data			
0.02 to 3.6 GHz ≤ 40 NA ± 0.40 dB 0.07 dB > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.60 dB 0.05 dB > 8.4 to 26.5 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.70 dB 0.05 dB > 26.5 to 34.4 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.80 dB 0.10 dB > 34.4 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 1.00 dB 0.10 dB    Feature   Frequency   Span (MHz)   Preselector   RMS (nominal)	IF frequency response					
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude max error	Amplitude RMS (nominal)	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.70 dB 0.05 dB > 26.5 to 34.4 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.80 dB 0.10 dB > 34.4 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 1.00 dB 0.10 dB    F phase linearity	0.02 to 3.6 GHz	≤ 40	NA	± 0.40 dB	0.07 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 0.80 dB 0.10 dB   > 34.4 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 1.00 dB 0.10 dB     F phase linearity	> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	≤ 40	Off	± 0.60 dB	0.05 dB	
> 34.4 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 Off ± 1.00 dB 0.10 dB    F phase linearity	> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 40	Off	± 0.70 dB	0.05 dB	
F phase linearity   Center frequency   Span (MHz)   Preselector   RMS (nominal)     ≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz   ≤ 40 MHz   N/A   0.12°     > 3.6 to 50 GHz   ≤ 40 MHz   Off   0.32°     > 50 to 55 GHz   ≤ 40 MHz   Off   1.00°     F dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)     SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)     F residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)     SF MHz to 34.5 GHz   -110 dBFS     Span (MHz)	> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	≤ 40	Off	± 0.80 dB	0.10 dB	
Center frequency         Span (MHz)         Preselector         RMS (nominal)           ≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         N/A         0.12°           > 3.6 to 50 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         Off         0.32°           > 50 to 55 GHz         ≤ 40 MHz         Off         1.00°           IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)           SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)         -77 dBc         Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width           (F residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)           35 MHz to 34.5 GHz         -110 dBFS	> 34.4 to 55 GHz	≤ 40	Off	± 1.00 dB	0.10 dB	
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz ≤ 40 MHz Off 0.32°  > 3.6 to 50 GHz ≤ 40 MHz Off 0.32°  > 50 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 MHz Off 1.00°  IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)  SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)  IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)  55 MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	F phase linearity					
> 3.6 to 50 GHz	Center frequency	Span (MHz)		Preselector	RMS (nominal)	
> 50 to 55 GHz ≤ 40 MHz Off 1.00°  IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)  SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC -77 dBc Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width related spurious)  IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)  65 MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 40 MHz		N/A	0.12°	
F dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)  SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC -77 dBc Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width related spurious)  F residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)  MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	> 3.6 to 50 GHz	≤ 40 MHz		Off	0.32°	
SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC -77 dBc Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width related spurious)  (F residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)  55 MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	> 50 to 55 GHz	≤ 40 MHz		Off	1.00°	
(spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)    Fresidual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)   Signal at -12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width	F dynamic range (IF gain = low) (non	ninal)				
65 MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	(spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC	-77 dBc		Signal at –12 dBFS, any	where in full IF width	
65 MHz to 34.5 GHz -110 dBFS	IF residual responses (relative to full	scale, input terminated, I	F gain = low) (nominal)			
	· · · · · ·		,, ,			

Center frequency		Option		Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555		
2 Hz to 26.5 GHz	Х	х	Х	–8 dBm	–18 dBm
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz		х	Х	–8 dBm	–18 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	–8 dBm	–12 dBm



Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

> 50 to 55 GHz		X	−7 dBm		–8 dBm		
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to ±1 dB r	nominal			
Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clip	pping level to noise level,	og averaged, 1 Hz I	RBW, IF gain = Low	) (nominal)			
Center frequency							
≤ 3.6 GHz			143 dB				
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz			141 dB				
> 26.5 to 50 GHz			135 dB				
TOI (3rd-order intermodulation of	distortion in the IF, 2 tone	s of equal level @ -	19 dBFS, 10 MHz to	ne separation) (no	minal)		
Center frequency							
≤ 3.6 GHz			-83 dBc				
> 3.6 to 13.6			-83 dBc				
> 13.6 to 26.5 GHz			-83 dBc				
> 26.5 to 50 GHz			–79 dBc				
Noise density in IF (characterize	d at center of RF band and	d center of IF, 0 dB	attenuation)				
The noise level in the IF will chang	e for frequencies away from	the center of the IF.	The IF part of the to	tal noise is nominal	y ± 1.2 dB worse at	the	
worst frequency within the IF band	width.				•		
Center frequency	3a.	MPB	3b. LI	NA on	4a. FBP		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-149 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-149 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	–155 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	–143 dBm/Hz	143 dBm/Hz	–145 dBm/Hz	–145 dBm/Hz	
> 50 to 53 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	–143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	–143 dBm/Hz	
> 53 to 55 GHz	-126 dBm/Hz	-126 dBm/Hz	-136 dBm/Hz	–136 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	–141 dBm/Hz	
Spurious responses (preselecto	r enabled for frequencies	> 3.6 GHz) (nominal	1)				
	•		)				
Residual responses (input termi	•		)				
Residual responses (input termi	•		–100 dBm				
Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz	•						
Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz 3.6 to 40 GHz	•		–100 dBm				
Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz 3.6 to 40 GHz > 40 GHz	•		-100 dBm -105 dBm				
Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz 3.6 to 40 GHz > 40 GHz Image responses	•		-100 dBm -105 dBm	ency			
Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz 3.6 to 40 GHz > 40 GHz Image responses Tuned frequency (f)	•		-100 dBm -105 dBm -95 dBm	ency			
Spurious responses (preselector Residual responses (input termi Center frequency < 3.6 GHz 3.6 to 40 GHz > 40 GHz Image responses Tuned frequency (f) 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	•		-100 dBm -105 dBm -95 dBm				



# 255 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B2X)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 400 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB. IF frequency response and IF amplitude accuracy performance between 18 and 26.5 GHz for Type-N connectorized instruments is nominal.

255 MHz analysis bandwidth	(Option B2X)							
Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 255 MH	z						
Tuning range	2 Hz to 55 GHz		In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough.  Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified.					
IF frequency	5490 MHz (1st IF 690 MHz (Final I	, center frequency : F)		'				
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec							
ADC resolution	14 bits							
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bi 64 bits/Sa	ts each,						
Capture memory	16 GB							
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 samp	ole pairs						
Length (IQ sample pairs)	2,147,483,640 sa	amples with 32-bit of	lata packing					
Maximum capture time (time record length)	14.3 sec at full 2	55 MHz BW	· · ·	Capture time	increases linearly w	ith decrease ir	n bandwidth	
IF frequency response (span	≤ 255 MHz), micro	wave preselector	bypass path (MPB)					
	3a.	MPB (10 dB attent	uation)	3b. LNA on	(0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.05 dB	± 0.90 dB	0.06 dB	± 0.15 dB	0.06 dB	± 0.30 dB	0.20 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.00 dB	± 0.80 dB	0.06 dB	± 0.15 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.20 dB	0.15 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.15 dB	± 1.05 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.40 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.35 dB	0.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 1.70 dB	± 1.55 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.45 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.55 dB	0.30 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 2.45 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.60 dB	0.30 dB	± 0.90 dB	0.50 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.65 dB (nomi	nal)	0.30 dB	± 0.75 dB	0.30 dB	± 1.10 dB	0.50 dB	
> 50 to 55 GHz	± 0.65 dB (nomi	nal)	0.30 dB	± 0.75 dB	0.30 dB	± 1.10 dB	0.55 dB	
IF frequency response (span	≤ 255 MHz) full by	pass path (FBP)						
	4a.	FBP (10 dB attenu	ıation)		4b. LNA on (0	dB attenuatio	n)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal		RMS (nomi	nal)	
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.90 dB	± 0.80 dB	0.07 dB	± 0.20 dB		0.15 dB	•	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.15 dB	± 1.05 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.35 dB		0.20 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 1.60 dB	± 1.50 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.35 dB		0.20 dB		
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 2.45 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.65 dB		0.30 dB		
> 48.55 to 55 GHz	± 0.80 dB (nomi	nal)	0.30 dB	± 0.95 dB		0.30 dB		
IF phase linearity	,	,						
Center frequency	Span (MHz)			Preselector		RMS (nominal)		
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.3 GHz	≤ 255			N/A		4°		
3.3 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 255			Off		0.80°		
26.5 to 55 GHz	≤ 255			Off		1.50°		
IF dynamic range (IF gain = h	igh) (nominal)							
SFDR				0:	7.4DEO	C 11.15 1.405		
(anumiaus from dum	, , ,				Signal at –27 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width			
(spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)	–78 dBc			Signal at -21	udfo, anywneie in	iuli ir wiatri		
, ,		ut terminated, IF g	ain = low) (nominal)		udro, anywhere in	iuli ir wiatri		

Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)



Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency		Option			Mixer level for IF gain = high	
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Mixer level for IF gain = low		
≤ 3.3 GHz	Х	Х	Х	–15 dBm	–15 dBm	
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	Х			–8 dBm	–17 dBm	
		Х	Х	–10 dBm	–19 dBm	
> 12 2 to 26 E CUI-	Х			-10 dBm	–17 dBm	
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz		Х	Х	–12 dBm	–19 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	–11 dBm	–14 dBm	
> 50 to 55 GHz			Х	– 5 dBm	– 6 dBm	
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF				Up to ±2.5 dB nominal		

#### Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	145 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	140 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	137 dB

## TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -25 dBFS ( $\leq$ 26.5 GHz) or -23 dBFS ( $\geq$ 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 1 MHz tonseparation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
< 3.3 GHz	-75 dBc
> 3.3 to 20 GHz	-76 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-76 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-76 dBc

#### Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±1.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center frequency	3a	. MPB	4a	. FBP	3b. LNA on	
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-151 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	-151 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-157 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz
> 50 to 53 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz
> 53 to 55 GHz	-129 dBm/Hz	-129 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz

#### Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

#### Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
65 MHz to 50 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)

#### Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. MPB	(10 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal	
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.8 dB	± 0.7 dB	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.6 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 1.0 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB			
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 1.3 dB	
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.2 dB			
Amplitude accuracy, ab	solute, full bypass pa	th (FBP)			
	4a. FBP	(10 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal		
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.3 dB	± 0.6 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB			
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.4 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.0 dB		
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.8 dB	± 3.2 dB			



# 1 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R10)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 700 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB. IF frequency response and IF amplitude accuracy performance between 18 and 26.5 GHz for Type-N connectorized instruments is nominal.

1 GHz analysis band										
Analysis bandwidth rar	nge		10 Hz to 1.0 G	Hz						
Tuning range	:	2 Hz to 55 GHz				(½*BW Over-ra	In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified.			
IF frequency	5490 MHz (1st 690 MHz (Fina	,	ter frequency ≤ 3	3.6 GHz)			·			
ADC sample rate			4.8 GSa/sec	,						
ADC resolution			14 bits							
Final data format			I & Q pairs, 32 64 bits/Sa	bits ea	ch,					
Capture memory			16 GB							
IQ Analyzer			32,000,001 sai	mple pa	airs					
Length (IQ sample pai	rs)				es with 32-bit data	a packing				
Maximum capture time	e (time record	length)	3.58 s at full 1.	0 GHz	BW with 32-bit da	ata packing	Captur in band		nearly with decrease	
IF frequency respons	se (span ≤ 1	GHz), microwave	e preselector l	bypass	path (MPB)					
	3a	. MPB (10 dB att	tenuation)		3b. LNA	on (0 dB attenuati	on)	3c. PA on (	(0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nom	inal)	Nominal	RMS (nomi	nal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.80 dB	± 1.60 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.40 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.40 dB	0.13 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.50 dB	± 1.35 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.40 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.30 dB	0.10 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.55 dB	± 1.40 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.60 dB	0.15 dB	0.15 dB		0.10 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.30 dB	0.30 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.30 dB		± 0.60 dB	0.20 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 3.85 dB	± 3.35 dB	0.35 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.30 dB		± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB	
> 48.55 to 55 GHz	± 1.00 dB	nominal)	0.60 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB	
IF frequency respons	se (span ≤ 1	GHz) full bypass	path (FBP)							
	4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenuation	1)			4b. LNA on	(0 dB atte	enuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nomi	inal)		Nominal		RMS (nominal		
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.80 dB	± 1.70 dB	0.15 dB			± 0.55 dB	± 0.55 dB		0.20 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.80 dB	± 1.60 dB	0.10 dB			± 0.60 dB			0.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.45 dB	± 2.30 dB	0.20 dB			± 0.70 dB	± 0.70 dB		0.30 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.80 dB	0.40 dB			± 1.00 dB	± 1.00 dB		0.40 dB	
> 48.55 to 55 GHz	± 1.50 dB	nominal)	0.80 dB			± 1.50 dB			0.80 dB	
IF phase linearity										
Center frequency	frequency Span (MHz) Pr			Pres	elector		RMS	(nominal)		
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.3 GH		1000 MHz		N/A				4.00°		
3.3 to 26.5 GHz		1000 MHz		Off				1.25°		
26.5 to 50 GHz		1000 MHz	Off				2.50°			
50 to 55 GHz ≤ 1000 MHz			Off			3.00°	3.00°			
F dynamic range (no										
SFDR (spurious-free d	lynamic range	) (ADC related sp	ourious)	-66	dBc		Signa	al at –27 dBFS, an	ywhere in full IF widtl	
IF residual responses	s (relative to	full scale, input	terminated, IF	gain =	= high) (nominal	)				
				-90	dBFS					
< 20 GHz					-90 dBFS					
< 20 GHz 20 to 40 GHz				-80	dBFS					



Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

		Option			Mixer level for IF gain = high	
Center frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Mixer level for IF gain = low		
≤ 3.3 GHz	х	Х	х	–10 dBm	–10 dBm	
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	х			–8 dBm	–17 dBm	
		Х	Х	–10 dBm	–19 dBm	
- 40.0 t- 00 F OLL	х			–10 dBm	–17 dBm	
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz		Х	Х	–12 dBm	–19 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	–10 dBm	–15 dBm	
> 50 to 55 GHz			Х	– 5 dBm	– 6 dBm	
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF				Up to ±3.8 dB nominal		

#### Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	140 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	138 dB

## TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -27 dBFS ( $\leq$ 26.5 GHz) or -23 dBFS ( $\geq$ 26.5 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
< 3.3 GHz	-74 dBc
> 3.3 to 20 GHz	-74 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-72 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

#### Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±4.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center frequency	3a. MPB			4a. FBP	31	3b. LNA on		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high		
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	-161 dBm/Hz	-161 dBm/Hz		
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz		
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz		
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	-144 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz		
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz		
> 34 to 50 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz		
> 50 to 53 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz		
> 53 to 55 GHz	-129 dBm/Hz	-129 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz		

#### Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual Responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
700 MHz to 50 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)

#### Image responses

. 9	
Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. Mi	PB (10 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal	
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.7 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.8 dB	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.9 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB		± 1.2 dB	
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.2 dB		
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.2 dB			
Amplitude accuracy, abs	solute, full bypass path (	(FBP)			
	4a. FE	3P (10 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal		
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 0.8 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB			
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.0 dB		
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 5.0 dB	± 3.2 dB			



## 1.5 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R15)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB. IF frequency response and IF amplitude accuracy performance between 18 and 26.5 GHz for Type-N connectorized instruments is nominal.

1.5 GHz analysis ban	ndwidth (Option	R15)							
Analysis bandwidth ra	nge		10 Hz to 1.5 GH	Ηz					
Tuning range		2 Hz to 55 GHz			In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough.  Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but withou corrections, performance not specified.				
IF frequency			5750 MHz (1st IF) 1200 MHz (Final IF: CF > 3.5 GHz) 950 MHz (Final IF: CF ≤ 3.5 GHz				, I	·	
ADC sample rate			4.8 GSa/sec						
ADC resolution			14 bits						
Final data format			I & Q pairs, 32 I 64 bits/Sa	bits each	,				
Capture memory			16 GB						
IQ Analyzer			32,000,001 san	nple pair	S				
Length (IQ sample pai	irs)		3,355,443,186	samples	with 32-bit data packing	ng			
Maximum capture time	e (time record ler	ngth)	1.79 s at full 1.5	5 GHz B\	W with 32-bit data pac	king	Capture tin bandwidth	ne increases line	arly with decrease in
IF frequency respons	se (span ≤ 1.5 C	GHz), microwa	ve preselector by	ypass pa	ath (MPB)				
	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)				3b. LNA on (0 d	dB atte	nuation)	3c. PA on	(0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nomi	nal)	Nominal	RMS	(nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
850 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 3.10 dB	± 2.80 dB	0.15 dB		± 0.50 dB	0.15	dB	± 0.50 dB	0.17 dB
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.45 dB	± 1.05 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.20 dB	0.10	dB	± 0.25 dB	0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.30 dB	0.15 dB		± 0.40 dB	0.15	dB	± 0.35 dB	0.10 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.35 dB	± 1.90 dB	0.15 dB		± 0.60 dB	0.20	dB	± 0.50 dB	0.15 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.70 dB	0.30 dB		± 0.70 dB	0.30	dB	± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.50 dB (no	,	0.50 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.50	dB	± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB
> 50 to 55 GHz	± 1.50 dB (no	minal)	0.50 dB		± 1.00 dB	0.50	dB	± 1.00 dB	0.60 dB
IF frequency respons	se (span ≤ 1.5 G	Hz) full bypas	s path (FBP)						
		4a. FI	BP (10 dB attenu	ation)			4b. l	LNA on (0 dB at	tenuation)
Center frequency	Full range		20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal) Nom		minal R		RMS (nominal)	
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.40 dB		± 1.05 dB		0.10 dB	± 0.2	25 dB		0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB		± 1.30 dB		0.15 dB	± 0.45 dB			0.15 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.65 dB		± 2.20 dB		0.30 dB	± 0.8	35 dB		0.30 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.65 dB		± 3.10 dB		0.40 dB	± 1.0	00 dB		0.40 dB
> 48.05 to 55 GHz	± 1.90 dB (no	minal)			0.70 dB	± 1.5	50 dB		0.60 dB
IF phase linearity		·							
Center frequency	Span (MHz)			Preselector		RMS (nominal)			
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.5 GHz ≤ 1500 MHz		N/A			2.00°				
IF dynamic range (IF	gain = high) (n	ominal)							
SFDR (spurious-free o			ourious)	-60 dE	Вс		Signal a	t –22 dBFS, anv	where in full IF width
IF residual response							2.3	, 0, 0,1)	
< 3.5 GHz	- (. 3.2 10 10		, gu	–100 c					
≥ 3.5 GHz to 34.5 GH	7			-85 dE					
34.5 GHz to 50 GHz	_			-65 dE					
55 St. 12 to 00 Ot 12				30 UL					

Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)



Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency		Option			Mixer level for IF gain = high	
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Mixer level for IF gain = low		
≤ 3.3 GHz	X	X	Х	–12 dBm	–12 dBm	
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz	Х			–8 dBm	–18 dBm	
		X	Х	–10 dBm	–20 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		X	Х	-10 dBm	–16 dBm	
> 50 to 55 GHz			Х	– 8 dBm	– 8 dBm	
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF				Up to ±5.5 dB nominal		

#### Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	141 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	135 dB

#### TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or −15 dBFS (>26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
< 3.5 GHz	-75 dBc
> 3.5 to 20 GHz	-75 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-70 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

#### Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center frequency	3a. MPB		3b.	LNA on	4a. FBP		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	
> 8.9 to 26.5 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	
> 50 to 53 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	
> 53 to 55 GHz	-129 dBm/Hz	-129 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	

#### Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

#### Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
< 3.5 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)
3.5 to 50 GHz	-90 dBm (nominal)

#### Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. MP	B (10 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal		
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.8 dB		
600 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB		
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB		
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.5 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.6 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.1 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.8 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 1.1 dB		
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.3 dB				
Amplitude accuracy, abso	lute, full bypass path (FBP)					
	4a. FB	P (10 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal			
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.6 dB			
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.6 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 1.0 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.6 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.3 dB			
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.8 dB	± 3.3 dB				



## 2 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R20)

2.0 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option R20)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB. IF frequency response and IF amplitude accuracy performance between 18 and 26.5 GHz for Type-N connectorized instruments is nominal.

Analysis bandwidth range	10 H	10 Hz to 2.0 GHz							
Tuning range	3.5 to 55 GHz					In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW by image folding and LO feedthrough.  Over-range tuning to 55.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified			
IF frequency	1200	1200 MHz (center)				0011000	ono, pononni	arroo rrot opoor	
ADC sample rate		Sa/sec	' /						
ADC resolution	14 bi								
	-	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each,							
Final data format	64 bi								
Capture memory		16 GB							
IQ Analyzer		00,001 sampl	-						
Length (IQ sample pairs)	4,294	1,967,280 saı	mples with	32-bit data packi	ng				
Capture time (time record length)	1.79	s at full 2.0 G	GHz BW wi	th 32-bit data pac	king	Capture bandwi		es linearly with	h decrease in
IF frequency response (span ≤ 2	2 GHz), microwav	re preselecto	or bypass	path (MPB)					
	3	a. MPB (10 c	dB attenua	ation)	3	b. LNA o attenua		3c. PA on	ı (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 3	o °C	RMS (nominal)	Nomi		RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.45 dB	± 1.05	dB	0.10 dB	± 0.20	0 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.25 dB	0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.30		0.15 dB	± 0.40		0.15 dB	± 0.35 dB	0.10 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.35 dB	± 1.90		0.15 dB	± 0.60		0.20 dB	± 0.50 dB	0.15 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.20 dB			0.30 dB	± 0.70		0.30 dB	± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.50 dB (n			0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB		0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB
> 50 to 55 GHz		± 1.50 dB (nominal)		0.50 dB	3 ± 1.00 dB		0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.60 dB
IF frequency response (span ≤ 2	2 GHz) full bypas	s path (FBP)	)						
. , , , , ,		4a.	FBP (10 c	dB attenuation)			4	b. LNA on (0 c	dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range		20 to 30	°C	RMS (nominal)		Nomina	al	RMS (nominal)
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.40 dB		± 1.05 d	В	0.10 dB		± 0.25	dB	0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB		± 1.30 d		0.15 dB		± 0.45		0.15 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.65 dB		± 2.20 d		0.30		± 0.85		0.30 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.65 dB		± 3.10 d			0.40 dB ± 1.			0.40 dB
> 48.05 to 55 GHz	± 1.90 dB (n	ominal)			0.70			dB	0.60 dB
IF phase linearity		,							
Center frequency	Span (MHz	)		Preselector	RMS	(nominal	)		
3.5 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 2000 MH:	Z		Off	1.00°				
26.5 to 50 GHz	≤ 2000 MH:	Z		Off	2.50°				
50 to 55 GHz	≤ 2000 MH	≤ 2000 MHz		Off	3.00°				
IF dynamic range (nominal)									
SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)  -65 dBc				Signa	al at –22 d	BFS, anywhe	re in full IF wid	lth	
IF residual responses (relative t	o full scale, inpu	t terminated	) (nomina	1)					
3.5 to 34.5 GHz			, ,	-85 dBFS					
34.5 to 50 GHz				-65 dBFS					
Full scale (ADC clipping); prese	lector bypassed,	LNA off, PA	off (nom	inal)					



Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Option				
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	555	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
- 2.21, 00.5.011	Х			–8 dBm	–18 dBm
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz		Х	Х	–10 dBm	–20 dBm
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		Х	Х	–10 dBm	–16 dBm
> 50 to 55 GHz			Х	– 8 dBm	–8 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF				Up to ±5.5 dB nominal	

#### Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	141 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	135 dB

### TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or -15 dBFS (>26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 20 GHz	-75 dBc
20 to 26.5 GHz	-70 dBc
26.5 to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

#### Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center frequency	3a	ı. MPB	3b.	LNA on	4a. FBP		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	
> 8.9 to 26.5 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	
> 50 to 53 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	
> 53 to 55 GHz	-129 dBm/Hz	-129 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	

#### Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual Responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
3.5 to-50 GHz	-90 dBm (nominal)

#### Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. MP	B (10 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Frequency Full range		20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal		
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.6 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.1 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 1.3 dB		
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.3 dB				
Amplitude accuracy, abso	olute, full bypass path (FBP)					
	4a. FB	P (10 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal			
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 1.0 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.5 dB			
> 45 to 55 GHz	± 5.0 dB	± 3.3 dB				



# Real-time Spectrum Analyzer (RTSA)

		y Domain Characteristic	s				
A/D Converter Sample Rate	4.8 Gsa/s (2.4 GHz comp	lex)					
Supported detectors	Peak, Negative Peak, Sample, Average Voltage, Average Power (RMS)						
Number of display traces	Up to 6	-					
Available types of traces	Clear Write, Max Hold, M	n Hold					
Window types	Hanning, Blackman-Harri	s, Rectangular, Flattop, Ka	aiser, Gaussian				
Resolutions bandwidths (RBW) (Default window type = Kaiser)	6 RBWs available for each window type for spans  Approximate Span: RBW ratio for windows (Note: not applicable for spans from 240 to 255 MHz, 960 MHz to 1 GHz and from 1.9 to 2 GHz)  Flattop = 7 to 212,  Gaussian, Blackman-Harris = 13 to 417,  Kaiser = 13 to 418,						
Span	Hanning = 17 to 551	RBW	Max	RBW			
1 kHz		6 Hz		4 Hz			
255 MHz		' kHz		MHz			
1 GHz		3 MHz		MHz			
2 GHz		MHz		MHz			
2 3112	N9032RTAB	N9032RTBB	N9032RTEB	N9032RTFB			
Maximum real-time analysis bandwidth	Up to 1 GHz	Up to 1 GHz	Up to 2 GHz	Up to 2 GHz			
Minimum signal duration for 100% probability of intercept (POI) with full amplitude accuracy (with at least 50% overlap)	15.4 µs	227 ns	15.4 µs	227 ns			
Histogram	May 1 CH	z BW (span)	May 2 GHz	z BW (span)			
Maximum sample rate (Hz)	1.247259439e9	1.247259439e9	2.4e9	2.4e9			
(Gap free) FFT processing rate	1.24723343363		500 FFT/sec	2.400			
FFT Length		4,007,	1024				
Supported triggers	Free Run I	ine Evternal 1 Evternal 2	, External 3, RF Burst, Periodic	FMT ADC			
Number of markers	i ico itali, i	ino, Externar I, Externar 2	12	5, 1 WH, ADO			
Supported markers		Normal Delta	Noise, Band Power				
Filter Type	Gau	, ,	Harris, Rectangular, Hanning, K	aiser			
Amplitude resolution	Jud		01 dB	NAIOO!			
Frequency points	ß	 21		55			
RMS average		<b>-</b> 1	Yes	••			
Minimum acquisition time	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 236.45 µs @ 1 GHz		8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 239.4 µs @ 2 GHz	8.55 µs			
Maximum acquisition time at widest bandwidth			, , ,				
Spectrogram and Normal		3.	.58 sec	1			
Density view	3.58 sec						
Density and spectrogram	3.58 sec						

	Der	nsity View				
	N9032RTAB	N9032RTBB	N9032RTEB	N9032RTFB		
Probability range	0 to 100%					
Minimum span	1 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz		
Maximum span	1 GHz	1 GHz	2 GHz	2 GHz		
Persistence duration	Infinite, Finite					
Color palettes	Cool, Warm, Grayscale, Radar, Fire, Frost					

Spectrogram View						
	N9032RTAB	N9032RTBB	N9032RTEB	N9032RTFB		
Maximum number of acquisitions stored		250,000				
Dynamic range covered by colors		200 dB				
Minimum slice time	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 232.45 µs @ 1 GHz	8.55 µs	8.55 µs @ 170MHz 239.4 µs @ 2 GHz	8.55 µs		



	Pow	er vs. Time				
	N9032RTAB N9032RTBB N9032RTEB N9032RTFB					
Supported detectors	Peak, N	legative Peak, Sample, Ave	rage Voltage, Average Power	r (RMS)		
Supported triggers	Free Run	Free Run, Line, External 1, External 2, External 3, RF Burst, Periodic, FMT, Level (PvT) ≤ 255 MHz, ADC				
Number of markers		•	12			
Maximum time viewable	13.77 s	.77 s @ 1 GHz 7.27 s @ 2 GHz				
Minimum time viewable	13.96 µs	@ 1 GHz	8.55 µs (	@ 2 GHz		
Maximum IF bandwidth	1 (	GHz .	2 G	GHz		
Minimum detectable signal duration	Note: Signal must have > end effects.	60 dB signal to mask (StM)	o maintain 100% POI. Does	not include analog front-		
With option B2X		3.3	3 ns			
With option R10		802 ps				
With option R15	r	a 535 ps		j ps		
With option R20	r	n/a 418 ps				

	Frequency N	lask Trigger (FMT)			
	N9032RTAB	N9032RTBB	N9032RTEB	N9032RTFB	
Trigger views		Density, Specti	rogram, Normal		
Trigger setting resolution		0.00	)1dB		
Trigger conditions	Ente	r, Leave, Inside, Outside, E	nter->Leave, Leave->Enter,	TQT	
Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration	14.77 µs @ 1 GHz	231 ns @ 1 GHz	14.96 µs @ 2 GHz	214 ns @ 2 GHz	
Minimum detectable signal duration with >60 dB signal to mask (StM)	Note: Calculated with the length 1024 Blackman-Harris window				
At 170 MHz	9.43 ns	9.43 ns	9.43 ns	9.43 ns	
With option B2X (255 MHz)	9.32 µs	6.67 ns	10.98 µs	6.67 ns	
With option R10 (1 GHz)	14.13 µs	1.60 ns	14.13 µs	1.60 ns	
With option R15 (1.5 GHz)	n	n/a 14.34 μs			
With option R20 (2 GHz)	n	n/a 14.62 µs			

#### Minimum signal duration (in $\mu$ s) for 100% probability of FMT triggering with various RBW

		Span								
N9032RTAB/ N9032RTEB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
RBW1	0.64	0.76	1.04	3.62	5.13	5.45	7.26	10.89	21.79	43.58
RBW2	0.43	0.49	0.63	1.92	2.71	2.88	3.84	5.76	11.53	23.05
RBW3	0.32	0.35	0.42	1.06	1.50	1.599	2.13	3.197	6.39	12.79
RBW4	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.64	0.90	0.96	1.28	1.91	3.83	7.66
RBW5	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.424	0.599	0.64	0.85	1.27	2.55	5.09
RBW6	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.32	0.45	0.48	0.64	0.95	1.90	3.81
N9032RTBB/ N9032RTFB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
RBW1	16.24	16.42	17.24	23.91	5.13	5.45	7.26	10.89	21.79	43.58
RBW2	15.82	15.87	16.42	20.49	2.71	2.88	3.84	5.76	11.53	23.05

1.50

0.90

0.599

0.45

2.13

1.28

0.85

0.64

1.599

0.96

0.64

0.48

6.39

3.83

2.55

1.90

12.79

7.66

5.09

3.81

3.197

1.91

1.27

0.95



RBW3

RBW4

RBW5

RBW6

15.50

15.44

15.42

15.40

15.74

15.67

15.36

15.34

16.21

15.70

15.65

15.62

19.64

19.21

17.29

17.18

## Minimum signal duration (in $\mu$ s) for 100% probability of FMT triggering with various signal to mask (StM) Note: Calculated with the length 1024 Blackman-Harris window

N9032RTAB/ N9032RTEB	Span									
	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
0 dB offset	16.25	16.42	17.24	23.91	5.13	5.452	7.27	10.90	21.81	43.62
6 dB offset	15.82	15.87	16.42	20.51	0.96	1.017	1.36	2.03	4.07	8.14
12 dB offset	15.74	15.77	16.27	19.85	0.46	0.49	0.65	0.97	1.94	3.89
20 dB offset	15.66	15.68	16.13	19.27	0.18	0.195	0.26	0.39	0.78	1.56
40 dB offset	15.55	15.53	15.91	18.37	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.20
60 dB offset	15.48	15.44	15.78	17.81	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08
N9032RTBB/ N9032RTFB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
0 dB offset	0.64	0.76	1.04	3.63	5.13	5.45	7.27	10.90	21.81	43.62
6 dB offset	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.68	0.96	1.02	1.36	2.03	4.07	8.14
12 dB offset	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.32	0.46	0.49	0.65	0.97	1.94	3.89
20 dB offset	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.18	0.195	0.26	0.39	0.78	1.56
40 dB offset	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.20
60 dB offset	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.007	0.009	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08



# **General Specifications**

Temperature range					
Operating					
Altitude ≤ 2,300 m	0 to 55 °C				
Altitude = 4,600 m	0 to 47 °C				
Derating	The maximum operating temperature de	erates linearly from altitude of 4,600 m to 2,300 m			
Storage	–40 to +70 °C				
Altitude	4,600 m (approx. 15,000 feet)				
Maximum relative humidity	95% up to 40°C, non-condensing. From 40 °C to 55 °C, the maximum % Relative Humidity follows the line of constant dew point.				
Environment					
Indoor use					
Power requirements					
Voltage and frequency (nominal)	100/120 V, 50/60/400 Hz The instruments can operate with mains supply voltage fluctuations  220/240 V, 50/60 Hz  The instruments can operate with mains supply voltage fluctuations  ± 10% of the nominal voltage				
Rated input power	630 W (maximum)				
Power consumption, on	560W (typical)				
Power Consumption, Standby	45 W				
Display					
Resolution	1280 x 768				
Size	269 mm (10.6 in.) diagonal (nominal) ca	pacitive multi-touch screen			
Data storage					
Internal	Removable solid-state drive (≥ 256 GB)				
External	Supports USB 3.0/2.0 compatible memo	ory devices			
CPU	Option PC8: Modular, upgradeable; Inte instrument calibration data	l i7, 6-core, 1.9 GHz clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes secure memory for			
CPU	Option PCA: Modular; Intel i7, 6-core, 2. calibration data.	7 GHz clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes secure memory for instrument			
SSD (solid-state drive)	≥256 GB, removeable				
Operating system	Windows-10, Enterprise				
Weight					
Net	27 kg (59 lbs) (nominal)				
Shipping	39 kg (86 lbs) (nominal)				
Dimensions					
Height	177 mm (7.0 in)				
Width	426 mm (16.8 in)				
Length	556 mm (21.9 in)				
Calibration cycle					
The recommended calibration cycle is	one year; calibration services are available throu	igh Keysight service centers.			



# **Inputs and Outputs**

# Front panel

RF input					
•					
Standard (Option 508, 513, 526)	Type-N female, 50 Ω nominal				
Standard (Option 544, 550)	2.4 mm male, 50 Ω nominal				
Standard (Option 555)	1.85mm male, 50 Ω nominal				
Option C35 (with Option 526 only)	3.5 mm male, 50 $\Omega$ nominal				
External mixing (Option EXM)					
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω, nominal				
Functions	Diplexer, LO output, IF input				
IF Input					
Maximum safe level	+7 dBm				
	IF BW ≤ 25 MHz		322.5 MHz		
015	40 MHz IF path		250 MHz		
Center frequency	255 MHz IF path		690 MHz		
	1 GHz IF path		690 MHz		
Bandwidth	Supports all optional IFs up to and includin	a R10			
	25, 255, or 1 GHz IF paths	9	-15 dBm (nominal)		
ADC clipping level	40 MHz IF path		–20 dBm (nominal)		
1 dB gain compression	–2 dB (nominal)				
Gain accuracy (The amplitude accuracy of	IF BW	Full range	20 to 30 °C		
a measurement includes this term and the	IF BW ≤ 25 MHz (swept and				
accuracy with which the settings of	narrowband)	±2.5 dB	±1.2 dB		
corrections model the loss of the external mixer.)	Wider IF BW	±1.2 dB (nominal)			
TIIACI.)	Center frequency	Width	RMS (nominal)		
	322.5 MHz	±5 MHz	0.05 dB		
	322.5 MHz	±12.5 MHz	0.07 dB		
IF frequency response	250 MHz	±12.5 MHz	0.10 dB		
	690 MHz	±127.5 MHz	0.10 dB		
Noise faure	690 MHz	±127.5 MHz	0.18 dB		
Noise figure (322.5 MHz, swept operation high IF gain)	11 dB (nominal)				
VSWR	See Figure 4				
	See Figure 4				
LO output					
Frequency range	3.75 to 14.1 GHz				
	The LO output port power is compatible will the power is specified at the connector. Ca With non-Keysight/Agilent mixer units, support that may differ from the power available at	able loss will affect the power available loss calibration data may be the mixer. In such cases, addition	vailable at the mixer. se valid only at a specified LO power onal uncertainties apply.		
Output power	Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C		
	3.75 to 8.72 GHz (LO Doubler = Off settings)	14 to 18.8 dBm	+15 to 18 dBm		
	7.8 to 14.1 GHz (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz)	N/A	+14 to 18.5 dBm		
Second Harmonic	-20 dB (nominal) (LO Doubler = Off settings)				
Fundamental feedthrough and undesired harmonics	-30 dB (nominal) (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz)				
VSWR (The reflection coefficient has a Rayleigh probability distribution from 3.75 GHz to 14.1 GHz with a median VSWR of 1.22:1.)	1.8:1 (nominal)	, ,			



Internal calibrator output						
Cal out (Option 508, 513, 526)	SMA female, 10 MHz to 26.5 G	Hz internal calibrator output				
Cal out (Option 544, 550)	2.4 mm female, 10 MHz to 50 (	GHz internal calibrator output				
Cal out (Option 555)	1.85 mm female, 10 MHz to 55	GHz internal calibrator output				
Probe power						
+15 Vdc, ± 7% at 150 mA max (nominal)						
Voltage/Current	-12.6 Vdc, ± 10% at 150 mA m	-12.6 Vdc, ± 10% at 150 mA max (nominal)				
-	GND					
USB ports						
Туре	Description	Connector	Output current			
Standard (3)	Compatible with USB 2.0	USB Type-A female	0.5 A (nom) for ports not marked with lightning bolt 1.2 A (nom) for port marked with lightning bolt			
Headphone jack						
Connector	Miniature stereo audio jack	Miniature stereo audio jack				
Connector	3.5 mm	3.5 mm				

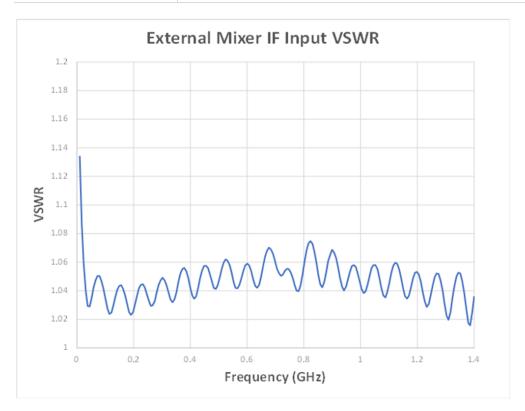


Figure 4. External mixer IF input VSWR

## Rear panel

10 MHz out	
Connector	BNC female, 50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
Output amplitude	≥ 0 dBm (nominal)
Frequency	10 MHz × (1+ frequency reference accuracy)
Ext ref in	
Connector	BNC female, 50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
	Sine wave: –5 to 10 dBm (nominal)
Input amplitude range	Square wave: 0.2 to 1.5 V peak-to-peak (nominal)
Input frequency	1 to 50 MHz (nominal)
· · · · ·	(selectable to 1 Hz resolution)
Frequency lock range	±2 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> of specified external reference input frequency
Trigger 1 and 2 inputs	
Connector	BNC female, 10 $k\Omega$ (nominal)
Trigger level range	–5 to +5 V
Trigger 3 input (precision, for wide-	bandwidth measurements only)
Connector	SMA, female, 50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
Trigger level range	–4.5 to 4.5 V
Trigger 1 and 2 outputs	
Connector	BNC female, $50 \Omega$ (nominal)
Trigger level range	0 to 5 V (CMOS) (nominal)
VGA (monitor output 1)	
Connector	VGA compatible, 15-pin mini D-SUB
Format	XGA (60 Hz vertical sync rates, non-interlaced) analog RGB
Resolution	1280 x 768 (Default)
DisplayPort (monitor output 2)	
Connector	Option PC8: Mini display port
Connector	Option PCA: DisplayPort 1.2
Resolution	1280 x 768 (Default)
Noise source drive +28 V (pulsed)	
Connector	BNC female
Output Voltage On	28.0 ± 0.1 V
Output Voltage Off	<1.0 V
SNS Series Noise Source	For use with Keysight Technologies SNS series noise sources
Connector	12 pin circular
Analog out	
Connector	BNC female, $50 \Omega$ (nominal)
USB ports	
USB 3.0 (Option PC8 CPU, host, sur	perspeed: 2 ports)
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.9 A (nominal)
USB 2.0 (Option PC8 CPU, 1 port)	
Standard	Compatible with USB 2.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.5 A (nominal)
USB 3.1 (Option PCA CPU, 4 ports)	
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.9 A (nominal)
USB 3.0 (Option PC8 and PCA CPUs	
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-B female



Connector		IEEE-488 bus connector				
GPIB codes		SH1, AH1, T6, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, C1, C2, C3, C28, DT1, L4, C0				
GPIB mode		Controller or device	0, 501, 01, 02, 00, 020,	511, 21, 00		
Thunderbolt (Option PCA	(CPII)					
Connector	(0,0)	USB Type C, female (2 ports	1			
Output power		5 V, 1.0 A (max.)	1			
PCle X4 interface		0 V, 1.0 / (max.)				
Connector		PCle X4, female				
		FOIE A4, IEIIIale				
Digital bus interface		MDD 00				
Connector		MDR-80 This port is intended for use v purpose use.	vith the Agilent/Keysight N	I5105 and N5106 products only. It is not available for general		
LAN TCP/IP interface						
Standard		Option PC8, PCA: 1000Base	-T			
Statiualu		Option PCA: 10GBase-T				
Connector		RJ45 Ethertwist				
Optical Data Interface (O	DI)					
ODI physical interface ch	aracteristics					
Specification		ODI-1: Physical Layer Specif	ication, Revision 3.0			
Number of ODI ports		1				
Connector		MPO style, 2 rows of 12 fiber	positions			
Lane rate		12.5 Gbit/s				
Interlaken burst max		2048 byte				
Flow control		In-band				
Port directionality		Producer only				
Port aggregation Interlaken channels		Not applicable				
Streaming data rate		1 channel (Ch 0) Up to 9.6 GByte/s				
		Op to 3.0 Obyte/s				
ODI data format capabilit	У	ODI O Transport I aven David	-1 2.0			
Specification		ODI-2: Transport Layer, Revision 3.0, ODI-2.1: High Speed Data Formats, Revision 3.0				
Packet types supported		Data packets Context packets				
Context packets		Signal context packets supported: Data includes bandwidth, IF frequency, RF frequency, reference level, sample rate, overrange count				
Control packets		Not used				
Timestamp support		Supported, time of day Typical accuracy: System clock ± 20us				
Trailer bit support		Overrange Spectral inversion Incomplete packet				
Data format class IDs supp	oorted	See table below				
Signal data packet size		Data size 65,536 bytes 16,384 16-bit IQ sample 8,192 32-bit IQ sample				
Supported data format a	nd class ID table					
Item packing field width	Data item (signed)	Real or IQ	Data type identifier	Notes		
32-bit	16-bit	IQ	0x18	16-bit I&Q for bandwidths > 255.176 MHz		
64-bit	32-bit	IQ	0x20	32-bit I&Q for bandwidths ≤ 255.176MHz		
Wide IF out (enabled by	option CRW)					
Connector		SMA, female, 50 $\Omega$ nominal				
AUX IF output						
Connector		SMA female, shared by CR3,	CRP and ALV			
Impedance		50 Ω nominal				
AUX IF output, second IF	output (option CR3)					
SA mode	,	322.5 MHz center frequency				
IQ analyzer with IF bandwi	dth ≤ 25 MHz	322.5 MHz center frequency				
IQ analyzer with IF path 40		250 MHz center frequency				
IQ analyzer with IF path 25		690 MHz center frequency				
IQ analyzer with IF path 1.	5 GHz	950 MHz (band 0), 1200 MHz	z (band 1 to 4)			



Conversion gain (SA mode and up to	-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response		
40 MHz bandwidth)	(		
Bandwidth (-6 dB) < 3.6 GHz	United Other (neuronal)		
	Up to 1 GHz (nominal)		
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector	Depends on RF center frequency		
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector bypass	100-800 MHz ±3 dB (nominal)		
	) (only available in swept spectrum analysis or IF path ≤ 40 MHz	3)	
Bandwidth	5.441 ( ) ( 0.15		
Highpass corner frequency	5 MHz (nominal) at -3 dB		
Lowpass corner frequency	120 MHz (nominal) at −3 dB		
Output at 70 MHz			
< 3.6 GHz or > 3.6 GHz with preselector oppassed	100 MHz nominal		
Preselected band	Depends on RF center frequency		
F output center frequency			
Range	10 to 75 MHz (user selectable)		
Resolution	0.5 MHz		
Conversion gain	-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response		
Lower output frequencies	Subject to folding		
Residual output signals	≤ -88 dBm (nominal)		
AUX IF output, Fast Log Video (Option AL	, ,		
General Port Specifications	,		
Connector	SMA female		Shared with other options
mpedance	50 Ω nominal		Silared with other options
Fast Log Video Output	OO 12 HOHIMAI		
	0		
Output voltage	Open-circuit voltages		
Maximum	1.6 V at –10 dBm nominal		
Slope	25 ± 1 mV/dB nominal		
Rise Time	15 ns nominal		
Fall Time	40 ns nominal		
/-axis video output (Option YAV)			
General port specifications			
Connector	BNC female	Sha	ared with other options
mpedance	50 Ω nominal		
Screen video			
Display scale types	Log or Lin	"Lin	" is linear in voltage
og scales	All (0.1 to 20 dB/div)		•
Modes	Spectrum analyzer only		
Gating	Gating must be off		
Dutput scaling	0 to 1.0 V open circuit, representing bottom to top of screen		
Offset	± 1% of full scale (nominal)		
Gain accuracy	± 1% of output voltage (nominal)		
og Video (log envelope) Output			
Amplitude Range (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V (nominal) for –10 dBm at the mixer		
Scale factor	Output changes 1 V per 192.66 dB change in the signal envelop	oe	
Bandwidth	Set by RBW		
Operating conditions	Select Sweep Type = Swept		
inear Video (AM demod) Output			
Amplitude Range (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V (nominal) for signal envelope at the reference level		
Minimum	0 V		
Scale factor	If carrier level is set to half the reference level in volts, the scale of the carrier level, the scale factor is 100% of reference level per		er level per volt. Regardless
) and width	·		
Bandwidth	Set by RBW		



## **Regulatory Information**

This product is designed for use in INSTALLATION CATEGORY II and POLLUTION DEGREE 2 and MEASUREMENT CATEGORY NONE per IEC 61010-1, and 664 respectively.

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with accepted industry standards and has been supplied in a safe condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the product in a safe condition.

This product is intended for indoor use.

#### Safety and Regulatory Markings Which May Be on the Product

C€	The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community (if accompanied by a year, it is the year when the design was proven). This product complies with all relevant directives.
ccr.keysight@keysight.com	The Keysight email address is required by EU directives applicable to our product.
CAN ICES/NMB-001(A)	"This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001."  "Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB du Canada."
SM 1-A (GRP.1 CLASS A)	This is a symbol of an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product. (CISPR 11, Clause 4)
eu <b>AD</b> a	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the CSA International.
	The RCM mark is a registered trademark of the Australian Communications and Media Authority.
UK CA	UK conformity mark is a UK government owned mark. When affixed to the product is declaring all applicable Directives and Regulations have been met in full.
	This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment mandated under EU law as of August 13, 2005. All electric and electronic equipment are required to be separated from normal waste for disposa (Reference WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC).
40	China RoHS regulations include requirements related to packaging and require compliance to China standard GB18455-2001.
63	This symbol indicates compliance with the China RoHS regulations for paper/fiberboard packaging.
<b>⟨`</b> *`}	More than one person is required to safely lift or carry this instrument. Alternately a mechanical lift can be used to eliminate the risk of personal injury.
	South Korean Certification (KC) mark; includes the marking's identifier code: R-R-Kst-xxxxxxx
**	This symbol indicates the presence of a class 1 Laser device.



#### Regulatory, Environmental and Certifications

Complies with the essential requirements of the European EMC Directive and the UK Electromagnetic Compatibilit Regulations 2016 as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declara Conformity): IEC/EN 61326-1 CISPR 11 Group 1, Class A AS/NZS CISPR 11 ICES/NMB-001 UKCA This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001 Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada  NOTE: This is a sensitive measurement apparatus by design and may have some performance loss (up to 40 dB)	
range 80 MHz to 6 GHz; above the Spurious Responses, Residual Responses specification of –100 dBm) when in presence of ambient electromagnetic field of 3V/m.	
This equipment has been conformity assessed for use in business environments. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.  This EMC statement applies to the equipment only for use in business environment.	
사용자안내문 South Korean Class A EMC	
declaration 이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가를 받은 기기로서	
가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다.	
※ 사용자 안내문은 "얼무용 방송통신기자재"에만 적용한다.	
Complies with the essential requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity):  IEC/EN 61010-1  Canada: CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1  USA: UL std no. 61010-1  WARNING  "WARNING"  "WARNING: EMBEDDED CLASS 1 INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION. DO NOT EXPOSE USERS OR VIEW DIRECTION WITH TELESCOPES"	CTLY
Acoustic noise emission	
LpA < 70 dB	
Operator position Normal operation mode per ISO 7779	
Acoustic statement (European Machinery Directive)  Acoustic noise - more information (Values given are per ISO 7779 standard in the "Operator Sitting" position)	
Ambient temperature (< 40 °C) Nominally under 55 dBA Sound Pressure. 55 dBA is generally considered suitable for use in quiet office environments	ent
Ambient temperature (≥ 40 °C)	
Nominally under 65 dBA Sound Pressure. 65 dBA is generally considered suitable for use in noisy office environmental Samples of this product have been type tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and ve	
be robust against the	
anyironmental etracege of etorage transportation, and and use those etracege include, but are not limited to	
Environmental stress environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use; those stresses include, but are not limited to, temperature, humidity, shock, vibration,	

To find a current **Declaration of Conformity** for a specific Keysight product, go to:

http://www.keysight.com/go/conformity



### **Additional Resources**

The N9032B PXA X-Series signal analyzer isn't the only thing that will bring you to RF breakthroughs. Powerful software drives your measurements while finely tuned hardware takes them to new heights. In order to move the measurement plane to your device under test, reach even higher levels of measurement accuracy, and achieve 2 GHz of signal analysis and generation, the N9032B PXA partners with the:

- PathWave X-Series measurement applications and PathWave Vector Signal Analysis (VSA)
- U9361 RCal receiver calibrator for improved receiver test system accuracy by 10X
- M9484C VXG signal generator for wideband stimulus and response testing

N9032B PXA Signal Analyzer Configuration Guide (3121-1216.EN)

www.keysight.com/find/N9032B



### **Confidently Covered by Keysight Services**

Prevent delays caused by technical questions and reduce system downtime due to instrument maintenance and repairs with Keysight Services. Keysight Services are here to support your test needs with expert technical support, instrument repair and calibration, software support, training, alternative acquisition program options, and more.

A KeysightCare agreement provides dedicated, proactive support through a single point of contact for instruments, software, and solutions. KeysightCare covers an extensive group of instruments, application software, and solutions and ensures optimal uptime, faster response, faster access to experts, and faster resolution.

### **Keysight Services**

Offering	Benefits	
KeysightCare  KEYSIGHTCARE	KeysightCare provides elevated support for Keysight instruments and software, with access to technical support experts that respond within a specified time and ensure committed repair and calibration turnaround times (TAT). KeysightCare offers multiple service agreement tiers, including KeysightCare Assured, Enhanced, and Application Software Support. See the KeysightCare data sheet for details.	
KeysightCare Assured	KeysightCare Assured goes beyond basic warranty with repair services that include committed TAT and unlimited access to technical experts.	
KeysightCare Enhanced	KeysightCare Enhanced includes all the benefits of KeysightCare Assured plus Keysight's accurate and reliable Calibration Services, accelerated, and committed TAT, and technical response.	
Keysight Support Portal & Knowledge Center	All KeysightCare tiers include access to the Keysight Support Portal where you can manage support and service resources related to your assets such as service requests, and status, or browse the Knowledge Center.	
Education Services	Build confidence and gain new skills to make accurate measurements, with flexible Education Services developed by Keysight experts. Including Start-up Assistance.	
Alternative acquisition options		
KeysightAccess	Reduce budget challenges with a leased-based subscription service, that offers low monthly payments, enabling you to get the instruments, software, and technical support you want for your test needs.	



#### Recommended services

Maximize your test system up-time by securing technical support, repair, and calibration services with committed response and turnaround times. 1-year KeysightCare Assured is included in every new instrument purchase. Obtain multi-year KeysightCare upfront to eliminate the need for lengthy and tedious paperwork and yearly requests for maintenance budget. Plus, you benefit from secured service for 2, 3, or 5 years.

Service	Function
KeysightCare Enhanced*	Includes tech support, warranty and calibration
R-55B-001-1	KeysightCare Enhanced – Upgrade 1 year
R-55B-001-2	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 2 years
R-55B-001-3	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 3 years (Recommended)
R-55B-001-5	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 5 years (Recommended)
KeysightCare Assured	Includes tech support and warranty
R-55A-001-2	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 2 years
R-55A-001-3	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 3 years
R-55A-001-5	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 5 years
Start-Up Assistance	
PS-S40-01	Included – instrument fundamentals and operations starter
PS-S40-04	Recommended – instrument fundamentals and operations starter
PS-S40-02	Optional, technology & measurement science standard learning

<sup>\*</sup> Available in select countries. For details, please view the datasheet. R-55B-001-2/3/5 must be ordered with R-55B-001-1.

